



Sindhi High School, Bangalore
Half-Yearly Examination (2025-26)
Subject: English

Grade- VIII

Date: 8 /9 /25

No. of printed sides: 9

Max.Marks:80

Reading Time: 15 Mins

Writing Time: 3 Hours

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS.

This Paper contains Three Sections:

Section A: Reading :20 Marks

Section B & C: Writing& Grammar: 20 Marks

Section D: Literature :40 Marks.

(All Sections are compulsory) Adhere to the word limit as given

D) Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow:

(10M)

1. With the successful landing of the Lander Module of ISRO's third lunar mission Chandrayaan- 3, India has reached the Moon! ISRO tweets "India, I reached my destination and you too." India has also become the first country to land near the Moon's south pole.
2. The lander Module {LM} of the Indian Space Research Organisation's {ISRO} lunar mission Chandrayaan-3 , launched on July 14, made a successfully landing on the Moon's surface on August 23, making India only the fourth country after the erstwhile USSR, the U.S. and China to make landing on the lunar surface.
3. Congratulating the team of scientists at ISRO, PM Modi said, "India's successful moon mission is not India's alone...Our approach of one earth, one family one future is resonating across the globe. Moon mission is based on the same human centric approach. So, this success belongs to all of the humanity."
4. With Vikram, the lander module of Chandrayaan-3, successfully landing at 6.03 p.m. there was euphoric celebrations at the Mission Operations Complex (MOX) at ISRO Telemetry, Tracking, and Command Network (ISTRAC), Bengaluru. Following this, the Lander successfully deployed the Rover which will carry out in-situ chemical analysis of the lunar surface during the course of its mobility. The Lander and the Rover with a mission life of one lunar day (14 Earth days) have scientific payloads to carry out experiments on the lunar surface. With the Pragyaan rover poised to navigate the moon, its eyes to traverse the crater-filled lunar surface are powered by the software developed by a Noida-based tech start-up. Omnipresent Robot Technologies, which has been working closely with ISRO for the Chandrayaan series of lunar missions, has developed Perception Navigation Software for the Pragyaan rover that is housed in the Vikram landing module that touched down on the moon Wednesday evening.
5. Aakash Sinha, Chief Executive Officer of Omnipresent Robot Technologies, who is also a professor at Shiv Nadar University, said the software developed by his start-up will capture images

of the moon using the two cameras of the lunar rover and stitch them together to generate a 3-D map of the lunar landscape.

6. The anxious family members of two scientists Nidhi Sharma and Chayan Dutta of Tinsukia and Lakhimpur towns from Assam respectively cried tears of joy as the touchdown happened. Both Sharma and Dutta were members of Chandrayaan 2 and 3 missions and were involved in the Landing Control Centre of the Indian Space Research Organisation (ISRO) at Sriharikota.

7. 'Baba, we did it,' were the first words from Nidhi Sharma when she called up her father-in-law Deepak Dev and spoke to him for less than a minute. "We were very tense and apprehensive as Chandrayaan-2 had failed in the last few seconds. She had called us then and expressed her disappointment. But with the success of Chandrayaan-3, we are literally feeling over the moon and I have no words to express our joy," Dev told Press Trust of India.

(1x5=5M)

Answer the following questions based on the passage above.

- (i) Why does the success of Chandrayaan-3 belong to all of humanity?
- (a) Because the recede of one earth, one family one future is resonating across the globe.
(b) Because PM Modi believes in universal harmony and unity.
(c) Because U.S. and China were also congratulating the team of scientists at ISRO.
(d) Because their approach of one earth, one family one future is lulled across the globe.

(ii) ISRO tweets after soft landing of Vikram Lander "India, I reached my destination and you too,"

In whose reference ISRO tweets this?

- (a) Vikram lander.
(c) Pragyaan Rover.

- (b) Chandrayaan-3.
(d) ISRO Team head

(iii) Complete the given sentence.

The role of Shiv Nadar University was to _____.

(iv) Choose the correct answer for the following assertion and reasoning:

Assertion (A): The software developed by the Noida-based start-up makes the rover capture images and stitch them into a 3-D lunar map.

Reason (R): Perception Navigation Software uses two cameras on the rover to generate a three-dimensional map to help it move safely.

Options:

- (a) Both A and R are true, and R explains A.
(b) Both A and R are true, but R does not explain A.
(c) A is true, but R is false.
(d) A is false, but R is true.

(v) "feeling over the moon" expression Expresses -----

I. Deep Satisfaction II. Displeasure III. Ecstasy IV. Consolation V. disappointment

Select the correct option.

- (a) Only I and III (b) Only II and V (c) Only I, IV, and V (d) Only I and VI

- (vi) Imagine you are son/daughter of Deepak Dev what would you do after the failure of Chandrayaan-2? [2]
- (vii) Why were people overjoyed with the success of mission Chandrayaan ? [2]
- (viii) Based on the reading of the paragraph 3, explain what "Navigates" mean? [1]

II) Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow:

(10M)

The Wisdom of Yudhishtira

- 1) In the Mahabharata, one of the most significant moments occurs when the Pandavas, during their exile, come across a mysterious lake guarded by a Yaksha. One by one, the brothers—Sahadeva, Nakula, Arjuna, and Bhima—ignore the Yaksha's warning not to drink the water without answering his questions. They collapse, unconscious or dead. Finally, Yudhishtira arrives and is faced with the same situation.
- 2) Instead of rushing forward, he listens. The Yaksha poses a series of philosophical and moral questions. These were not riddles but tests of virtue, wisdom and restraint. Yudhishtira's answers reveal the depth of his character. For example, when asked, "What is the greatest wonder?" he replies: "Everyday people die, yet the living believe they are immortal. That is the greatest wonder." Through this exchange, Yudhishtira is rewarded with the revival of his brothers. It's not just a divine intervention—it's a lesson in humility, awareness and dharma. The lake is not merely a body of water; it symbolizes temptation and haste and the Yaksha is the guardian of reason.
- 3) This tale is timeless. In an age driven by instant gratification, Yudhishtira's patience stands as a beacon. Instead of being impulsive, he assesses, contemplates and acts with clarity. The episode also brings out the idea that true strength lies in intellect and moral courage, not brute force.
- 4) Beyond mythology, this story has relevance today. In leadership, education, relationships—even in environmental decisions—we are frequently tested by unseen Yakshas. Do we act rashly or pause to reflect? Do we choose self-interest or collective good? Dharma, often misunderstood as mere duty, in this context is ethical intelligence.
- 5) The Yaksha Prashna also reflects the Indian tradition of integrating deep philosophy into everyday narratives. It teaches that wisdom is not inherited but earned through choices made in difficult circumstances. Yudhishtira succeeds because he chooses dialogue over defiance, respect over arrogance and understanding over assumption. These are qualities the world still needs—especially in times of conflict or division. In literature and culture, this episode is often cited to underscore that wisdom is a form of strength. Yudhishtira could have been angry, frustrated, or reckless—but he was thoughtful. The real test was not of knowledge alone, but of temperament. That makes his triumph not only a moment of plot resolution but a symbol of higher consciousness prevailing over instinct. It's a call to humanity: pause, think and choose wisely.

(i) Why did the Yaksha choose to revive the Pandavas after Yudhishtira answered the questions? (1x5=5M)

- (a) Because Yudhishtira was the eldest and strongest
- (b) Because Yudhishtira showed virtue, wisdom, and restraint
- (c) Because the Yaksha was afraid of Yudhishtira
- (d) Because the Pandavas were innocent

(ii) What does the Yaksha symbolize in the story?

- (a) Impulsiveness and temptation
- (b) Victory and strength
- (c) Reason and wisdom
- (d) Anger and frustration

(iii) Complete the sentence:

The greatest wonder, according to Yudhishtira, is that _____

(iv) Choose the correct option for Assertion and Reasoning:

Assertion (A): Yudhishtira chose to engage in dialogue with the Yaksha.

Reason (R): Yudhishtira wanted to avoid fighting with the Yaksha.

Options:

- (a) Both A and R are true, and R explains A.
- (b) Both A and R are true, but R does not explain A.
- (c) A is true, but R is false.
- (d) A is false, but R is true.

(v) The expression "pause, think and choose wisely" suggests —

- I. Acting with awareness
- II. Being confused and slow
- III. Making thoughtful choices
- IV. Reacting instantly

Choose the correct combination:

- (a) Only I, III, and V
- (b) Only II and IV
- (c) Only I and IV
- (d) Only III and V

(vi) What qualities of Yudhishtira helped him succeed in the Yaksha's test? (2)

(vii) How is the lake in the story symbolic? Explain briefly. (2)

(viii) Based on paragraph 5, what does "ethical intelligence" mean? (1)

SECTION B- Writing & Grammar (20M)

II) Attempt any TEN of the following questions:

(10 × 1 = 10M)

(i) Fill in the blank by choosing the correct option:

The mud houses are not _____ the buildings in your city.

- (a) comparable to
- (b) comparable of
- (c) comparable as
- (d) comparable for

(ii) Each of you _____ an equal chance to score good grades. (choose the correct answer)

- a. has
- b. are
- c. is
- d. have

(iii) Select the correct option to fill in the blank for the given sentence:
Where were you? You _____ be in the class at the right time.

- (a) shall
- (b) should
- (c) will
- (d) would

(iv) Select the option that identifies the error and supplies the correction for the following sentence:

More of the fun and excitement in our lives comes from using our imagination.

Option No	Error	Correction
a	more	most
b	of	in
c	comes	come
d	using	use

(v) Complete the given narrative, by filling in the blank with the correct option:

Each of the boys _____ rewarded.

- (a) are being
- (b) have been
- (c) was
- (d) were

(vi) Fill in the blank by using the correct form of the word in the bracket:

Governments are starting programmes _____ (teach) adults how to read and write.

- (a) that teaching
- (b) which taught
- (c) to teach
- (d) were teaching

(vii) The sky is _____ us. (fill in the blanks with suitable preposition)

(viii) Identify the error in the given sentence and supply the correction:
Latex was a natural polymer found beneath the bark of a mature rubber tree.
Use the given format for your response:

Error	Correction

(ix) Our results shall be declared without _____ delay. (farther, further)

(x) Fill in the blank by choosing the correct option to complete the slogan.
_____ only weapon to fight injustice is education.

- (a) the
- (b) a
- (c) an
- (d) this

(xi) Fill in the blank with suitable answer given :

He looks very tired; he _____ have been working late last night. (may / must / could)

(xii) Identify the error in the statement given below and supply the correction. Use the given format for your response.

Water was vital to human health and fitness.

Error	Correction

III)

Section B: Writing (10M)

1. Attempt any ONE :

(5 marks)

a) Write a letter to your principal requesting permission to organize a cultural event in your school. You are Rohan/Reshma. (100–120 words)

OR

b) Write a letter to the editor of a newspaper expressing your concerns about environmental pollution in your city and possible suggestions to overcome it. You are Raj/Simran(100–120 words)

2. Attempt any ONE:

(5 marks)

a) Write an article on the topic: **The Negative Impact of Social Networking Sites on Teenagers** (Hints: Wasted time, harmful comparisons, addiction, poor academics, stress, false information).

You are Preethi/Pavan. (100-150 words)

OR

b) Write an article on the topic: **Increasing Obesity in Children**
(Hints: Junk food, screen addiction, lack of physical activity, sedentary lifestyle, solutions like exercise and healthy eating). You are Seema/Sharath
(100-150 words)

SECTION C – LITERATURE (40 Marks)

VII Read the extract and answer ANY ONE of the following:

(1×5 = 5 marks)

A) "I have been foolish. I see now that I overreacted. I let my pride blind me. I'm so sorry."

- i) What emotion is the speaker expressing in the extract?
- ii) What mistake does the speaker admit to in this extract?
- iii) What does the speaker's apology reveal about his/her character?

- a) stubborn and unyielding. b) self-aware and willing to admit mistakes.
- c) indifferent to the situation. d) proud and defensive.

iv) Do you agree with the character's decision? Justify your answer?

v) Which word in the passage means "self-esteem"?

OR

B) "We are heavily outnumbered. We are under devastating fire. I shall not withdraw an inch but will fight to the last man and the last round."

- i) What lesson can we learn from the speaker's words?
- ii) What does the phrase "*fight to the last man and the last round*" mean?
 - a) To surrender quickly
 - b) To escape from danger
 - c) To resist till the very end
 - d) To negotiate with the enemy
- iii) What does "will fight to the last man and the last round" tell us about his commitment??
- iv) What qualities of the speaker are shown here?
- v) Choose the correct meaning of "withdraw":
 - a) step forward b) go back c) surrender d) fight harder

VIII. Read the extract and answer ANY ONE of the following: (1×5 = 5 marks)

A) "The woman was old and ragged and gray,
And bent with the chill of a winter's day."

- i) How is the woman described in these lines? (1)
- ii) What emotion do these lines evoke in the reader? (2)
- iii) Which poetic device is used in the phrase "bent with the chill"? (1)
- iv) What message about society is hinted at through this description? (1)

OR

B) They are so delicate and small,
they don't mean anything at all.
I can't think how she gets them in,
unless she plants them with a pin.

- i) Who is the poet of the above stanza? (1)
- ii) What does the speaker find puzzling? (2)
- iii) What does the word "delicate" suggest about the objects? (2)
- iv) What image does "plants them with a pin" create? (1)
- v) The poetic device used in "plants them with a pin" is _____

IX. Answer ANY FOUR of the following in 50–60 words: (4×3 = 12 marks)

1. What made Queen Thirulambal approach Tenali Rama?
2. What message does *A Concrete Example* give about nature's power?
3. Sketch the character traits of Tenali Rama in your own words.
4. Describe the values shown by the boy in the poem *Somebody's Mother*.
5. What contribution did Verghese Kurien make to India's dairy industry?

X. Answer ANY TWO of the following in 50–60 words: (2×3 = 6 marks)

1. Describe Major Somnath Sharma's bravery as shown in the Battle of Badgam.
2. What prompted the King of Ujjain to trust the "four young men"?
3. What do you learn from Verghese Kurien's attitude towards rural development?

XI. Answer ANY ONE in 100–120 words:

A) Imagine you are the Old lady from Somebody's Mother. Pen down your feelings on being helped by a young boy.

(1×6 = 6 marks)

OR

B) As Siddharth, the grandson of Dr. Verghese Kurien, write a diary entry sharing your emotions and reflections after reading your grandfather's inspiring letter.

XII. Answer ANY ONE in 100–120 words:

A) What message does the story convey about handling challenges with patience and intelligence? Justify with reference to the lesson "The Wit That Won Hearts"?

(1×6 = 6 marks)

OR

B) Verghese Kurien and Major Somnath inspire the younger generation, differently. Discuss.



SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, BENGALURU
HALF-YEARLY EXAMINATION(2025-26)
SUBJECT- HINDI

CLASS-8
DATE:10-09-2025
NO OF SIDES:05

TOTAL MARKS:60
Reading Time-15 mins
Writing Time-2 hrs 30 mins

सामान्य निर्देश-

निर्देश -

- 1) सभी प्रश्नों के उत्तर क्रमानुसार लिखिए ।
- 2) इस प्रश्न-पत्र में तीन खंड हैं-क,ख ग और घ ।
- 3) सभी खंडों के सभी प्रश्नों के उत्तर देना अनिवार्य है।
- 4) शब्द सीमा के अनुसार उत्तर लिखिए ।

(खंड-क)

1) निम्नलिखित पठित गद्यांश को पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के सही विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए। (5)

एक समय की बात है, एक गाँव में एक बूढ़ा किसान रहता था। उसके तीन बेटे थे, लेकिन वे आपस में हमेशा लड़ते रहते थे। बूढ़े किसान ने एक दिन अपने बेटों को एक साथ बुलाया और उन्हें एक बंडल में बँधी हुई लकड़ियाँ दीं। उसने कहा, "इन लकड़ियों को तोड़ने की कोशिश करो।" बेटों ने कोशिश की, लेकिन वे लकड़ियों को नहीं तोड़ पाए। तब बूढ़े किसान ने लकड़ियों को एक-एक करके अलग किया और अपने बेटों से कहा, "अब इन्हें तोड़ने की कोशिश करो।" बेटों ने आसानी से लकड़ियों को तोड़ दिया। बूढ़े किसान ने कहा, "जब लकड़ियाँ एक साथ थीं, तो वे मज़बूत थीं लेकिन जब वे अलग हो गईं, तो वे कमजोर हो गईं। इसी तरह जब हम एक साथ होते हैं, तो हम मज़बूत होते हैं।"

1) बूढ़े किसान के कितने बेटे थे?

क) एक

ख) कई

ग) दो

घ) तीन

2) बूढ़े किसान ने अपने बेटों को क्या दिया?

क) एक बंडल में बँधी हुई किताबें

ग) एक बंडल में बँधे हुए पैसे

ख) एक बंडल में बँधी हुई लकड़ियाँ

घ) एक बंडल में बँधे हुए कपड़े

3) लकड़ियों को तोड़ना क्यों आसान हो गया?

क) जब वे एक साथ थीं

ग) जब वे गीली हो गईं

ख) जब वे सूख गईं

घ) जब वे अलग हो गईं

4) बूढ़े किसान की कहानी का मुख्य संदेश क्या है?
 क) अकेले में शक्ति
 ग) लड़ने की कला
 ख) एकता की शक्ति
 घ) कमजोर होने की कला

5) एकता की शक्ति का उदाहरण क्या है?
 क) लकड़ियों का एक साथ रहना
 ग) बूढ़े किसान की उम्र
 ख) लकड़ियों का टूटना
 घ) बेटों की लड़ाई

- II) 1) संधि-विच्छेद कीजिए। (खंड-ख) 1
 क) देवालय
- 2) संधि कीजिए। 1
 क) कारा+वास= ख) सती+ईश
- 3) दिए गए उपसर्गों को जोड़कर एक-एक शब्द बनाइए। 1
 क) नि ख) वि
- 4) निम्नलिखित शब्दों से उपसर्ग अलग कीजिए। 1
 क) परिवार ख) स्वदेश
- 5) निम्नलिखित प्रत्ययों से एक-एक शब्द लिखिए। 1
 क) आन ख) आ
- 6) निम्नलिखित शब्दों से प्रत्यय अलग कीजिए। 1
 क) पढ़ाई ख) लिखावट
- 7) निम्नलिखित शब्दों के विलोम शब्द लिखिए। 1
 क) आहार- ख) उग्र
- 8) निम्नलिखित अनेक शब्दों के लिए एक शब्द लिखिए। 1
 क) जो कभी न मरे- ख) जो काम से जी चुराए-
- 9) निम्नलिखित शब्दों के एक-एक पर्यायवाची लिखिए। 1
 क) असुर ख) सोना
- 10) निम्नलिखित शब्दों के लिंग बदलकर लिखिए। 2
 क) मोटा- ख) पड़ोसी- ग) मोर - घ) नौकर-

11) निम्नलिखित शब्दों के बहुवचन रूप लिखिए।
क) सड़क- ख) सेना- ग) बेटा- 2
घ) मित्र- 2

12) मुहावरों के अर्थ लिखिए।
क) आँखों से ओझल होना ख) आकाश-पाताल एक कर देना 2

खंड-ग

III) (i) निम्नलिखित पठित गद्यांश को पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के सही विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए। (5)

विश्व डाक संघ की ओर से 16 वर्ष से कम आयुवर्ग के बच्चों के लिए पत्र लेखन प्रतियोगिताएँ आयोजित करने का सिलसिला सन् 1972 से शुरू किया गया। यह सही है कि खास तौर पर बड़े शहरों और महानगरों में संचार साधनों के तेज विकास तथा अन्य कारणों से पत्रों की आवाजाही प्रभावित हुई है पर देहाती दुनिया आज भी चिट्ठियों से ही चल रही है। फैंक्स, ई-मेल, टेलीफोन तथा मोबाइल ने चिट्ठियों की तेजी को रोका है पर व्यापारिक डाक की संख्या लगातार बढ़ रही है।

1. विश्व डाक संघ की ओर से क्या व्यवस्था की गई?

- (क) पत्र भेजने के लिए डाकिये
- (ख) पत्र लेखन प्रतियोगिताएँ
- (ग) पत्र लिखने की परंपरा
- (घ) उपर्युक्त सभी

2. पत्र लेखन प्रतियोगिता कब शुरू की गई?

- क) 1971 से (ख) 1972 से
- (ग) 1973 से (घ) 1977 से

3. पत्रों की आवाजाही प्रभावित होने का कारण क्या है?

- (क) लोगो को अब खत भेजने का मन नहीं करता
- (ख) संचार के साधनों में कमी आना
- (ग) डाकियों की कमी
- (घ) संचार के साधनों का बढ़ जाना

4. ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में पत्र क्यों परस्पर जुड़े हैं?

- (क) लोगो का पत्रों से लगाव का होना
- (ख) संचार के साधनों का विकास न होना
- (ग) डाकियों की कमी
- (घ) लोगो में संचार साधनों के ज्ञान में कमी

- 5) उपर्युक्त गद्यांश के पाठ का नाम और लेखक का नाम लिखिए।
 (क) पाठ का नाम- ध्वनि, लेखक- सूर्यकांत त्रिपाठी 'निराला'।
 (ख) पाठ का नाम- चिट्ठियों की अनूठी दुनिया, लेखक का नाम- अरविंद कुमार सिंह।
 (ग) पाठ का नाम- भगवान के डाकिए, लेखक- रामधारी सिंह दिनकर।
 (घ) पाठ का नाम- दीवानों की हस्ती, लेखक- भगवतीचरण वर्मा।

ii) निम्नलिखित पठित गद्यांश को पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के सही विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए।

मेरा मन कभी-कभी बैठ जाता है। समाचार-पत्रों में ठगी, डकैती, चोरी, तस्करी और भ्रष्टाचार के समाचार भरे रहते हैं। आरोप-प्रत्यारोप का कुछ ऐसा वातावरण बन गया है कि लगता है, देश में कोई ईमानदार आदमी ही नहीं रह गया है। हर व्यक्ति संदेह की दृष्टि से देखा जा रहा है। जो जितने ही ऊँचे पद पर हैं उनमें उतने ही अधिक दोष दिखाए जाते हैं। एक बहुत बड़े आदमी ने मुझसे एक बार कहा था कि इस समय सुखी वही है जो कुछ नहीं करता। स्थिति अगर ऐसी है तो निश्चय ही चिंता का विषय है। क्या यही भारतवर्ष है जिसका सपना तिलक और गांधी ने देखा था? रवींद्रनाथ ठाकुर और मदनमोहन मालवीय का महान संस्कृति - सभ्य भारतवर्ष किस अतीत में डूब गया?

1. 'क्या निराश हुआ जाए' पाठ के लेखक कौन है?
 (क) महादेवी वर्मा
 (ख) हरिशंकर परसाई
 (ग) हजारी प्रसाद द्विवेदी
 (घ) रामधारी सिंह दिनकर
2. लेखक ने समाचार-पत्रों में किसके बारे में बात की है?
 (क) ठगी, डकैती, चोरी, तस्करी और भ्रष्टाचार के समाचार
 (ख) विवाह के समाचार
 (ग) नई नौकरियाँ
 (घ) शिक्षा संबंधित
3. देश में हर व्यक्ति को किस दृष्टि से देखा जा रहा है?
 (क) लोभ
 (ख) संदेह
 (ग) प्रेम
 (घ) विश्वास
4. आरोप-प्रत्यारोप' शब्द का क्या अर्थ है?
 (क) गलत ठहराना
 (ख) गलत नहीं ठहराना
 (ग) सबको गलत ठहराना
 (घ) एक-दूसरे को गलत ठहराना
5. भारतवर्ष का सपना किसने देखा था?
 (क) तिलक ने
 (ख) गाँधी ने
 (ग) क और ख दोनों ने
 (घ) इनमें से कोई नहीं

iv) (i) पठित पाठों के आधार पर निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर एक वाक्य में दीजिए। (8)

- क) बदलू लेखक को क्या कहकर बुलाता था?
- ख) बस की यात्रा पाठ के लेखक कौन है?
- ग) एक महादेश से दूसरे महादेश कौन जाते हैं?
- घ) साधु से जाति न पूछकर फिर किसके बारे में पूछना चाहिए?
- ड.) तलवार को किसमें रखा जाता है?
- च) 'नहीं यह सबसे कठिन समय नहीं' पंक्ति हमें क्या संदेश देती है?
- छ) कौन सदियों से कहानी सुना रहा है?
- ज) बदलू कौन था?

(ii) पठित पाठों के आधार पर निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर 2-3 वाक्यों में दीजिए। (12)

- क) मशीनी युग से बदलू के जीवन में क्या बदलाव आया?
- ख) "मैं हर पेड़ को अपना दुश्मन समझ रहा था।" लेखक पेड़ों को अपना दुश्मन क्यों समझ रहा था?
- ग) कवि ने अपने आने को उल्लास और जाने को आँसू क्यों कहा है?
- घ) पक्षी और बादल के द्वारा लाई गई चिट्ठियों को कौन-कौन पढ़ पाते हैं?
- ड.) कबीर घास की निंदा करने से क्यों मना करते हैं?
- च) "यह कठिन समय नहीं है?" यह बताने के लिए कविता में कौन-कौन से तर्क प्रस्तुत किए गए हैं? स्पष्ट कीजिए? (कोई दो)

(खंड-घ)

v) पीयूष, 102, शील कुंज, अशोक नगर, नई दिल्ली की ओर से उसके मित्र हर्ष को आई०आई०टी में दाखिला मिलने पर बधाई देते हुए पत्र लिखिए। (5)

vi) दिए गए संकेत बिंदुओं के आधार पर किसी एक विषय पर 80-100 शब्दों में अनुच्छेद लिखिए। (5)

क) कंप्यूटर : विज्ञान का अदभुत वरदान

- * विज्ञान की अदभुत देन
- * कंप्यूटर की उपयोगिता
- * नित्य नए प्रयोग
- * इंटरनेट के साथ जुड़ाव

ख) जब मैंने पहली बार बस-यात्रा की

- * रोमांचक अनुभूति
- * अविस्मरणीय यात्रा
- * बस यात्रा के लिए उत्साह



SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, BENGALURU
HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION [2025-26]
Subject: संस्कृतम् (L3)

Class: VIII
Date: 10.9.2025
No of sides: 8

Max. Marks: 60
Reading Time: 15min
Writing Time: 2hr.

Instructions:

- Write your Name, Roll number, Section in the answer script.
- Read all the Questions carefully.
- Answer all the Questions and write neatly.

NAME-	ROLL NO-	SEC-	INVIGILATOR'S SIGN-
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Q 1	Q 2	Q 3	Q 4	Q 5	Q 6	Q 7	Q 8	Q 9	Q 10	Q 11	TOTAL

Sign of the Evaluator

Sign of the cross checker

(खण्ड क - अपठित - अवबोधनम्-(10))

१. अधोदत्तमनुच्छेदं पठित्वा प्रश्नानामुत्तराणि लिखत ।

जीवने समयः एव सर्वाधिकः मूल्यवान् भवति । व्यतीतस्य समयस्य एकमपि क्षणं केनापि प्रयत्नेन पुनः प्राप्तुं कोऽपि न शक्नोति । अतः प्रत्येकं क्षणस्य सदुपयोगः सावधाननेन मनसा सर्वैः जनैः करणीयः विशेषतः विद्यार्थिभिः । यथा वयम् अर्जितस्य धनस्य एकैकस्य कणस्य व्ययं सम्यक् विचार्य कुर्मः तथैव एकैकस्य क्षणस्य अपि सदुपयोगं विवेकेन कुर्याम । एकः अपि क्षणः वृथा न यापनीयः । अतः उच्यते -
क्षणत्यागे कुतो विद्या कणत्यागे कुतो धनम् इति ।

अ) एकपदेन उत्तरत ।

1x2=2

१. जीवने कः मूल्यवान् ?

२. कः वृथा न यापनीयः ?

आ) पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत ।

2x2=4

१. प्रत्येकं क्षणस्य उपयोगः कथं करणीयः ?

२. मानवः किं पुनः प्रयत्नेन अपि प्राप्तुं न शक्नोति ?

इ) भाषिककार्यम् -

1x3=3

१. कुर्मः अस्याः क्रियायाः कर्तृपदं किम् ?

अ) अहं आ) वयं इ) त्वं ई) समयः

२. वित्तम् अस्य कः पर्यायः अत्र प्रयुक्तः ?

अ) क्षणम् आ) प्रत्येकं इ) धनम् ई) समयः

३. अर्जितस्य धनस्य व्ययं सम्यक् विचार्य कुर्मः । अत्र धनस्य विशेषणं किम् ?

अ) विचार्य आ) व्ययं इ) अर्जितस्य ई) कुर्मः

ई) अस्य अनुच्छेदस्य कृते एकं शीर्षकं लिखत ।

1x1=1

अ) समयः न मूल्यवान् आ) समयस्य सदुपयोगः इ) समयस्य दुरुपयोगः

{ खण्ड ख } रचनात्मक कार्य - (10)

२. अधोदत्त चित्रं दृष्ट्वा शब्दसहायतया वाक्यानि लिखत । 1x5=5
{ वृक्षः, उपवनस्य, पुष्पाणि, विकसन्ति, नानावर्णानि, सुन्दराणि, गन्धिः, प्रातः, पर्वतः, }



1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

३. अधोलिखितानि वाक्यानि संस्कृते अनुवादं कुरुत ।

1x5=5

१. I am walking. मैं भ्रमण करता हूँ।

२. India is my country . भारत मेरा देश है ।

३. Fruits are falling from the tree. वृक्ष से फल गिरते हैं।

४. we are studying at home. हम घर पर पढ़ते हैं।

५. Delhi is the capital of India. दिल्ली भारत की राजधानी है।

खण्ड ग - अनुप्रयुक्तव्याकरणम् (15)

४. सन्धि - सन्धिविच्छेदं वा कृत्वा लिखत ।

1x5=5

१. जालापहारकान् = _____ + _____
२. त्रैलोक्यस्य + अपि = _____
३. ग्रीष्म + अवकाशे = _____
४. विद्यालयः = _____ + _____
५. वर्षा + आरम्भकालः _____

५. उचितशब्दरूपाणि चित्वा वाक्यानि पूरयत ।

1x5=5

१. _____ जालमादय उत्पतिताः । (कपोत - प्रथमा)
अ) कपोतः आ) कपोताः ३) कपोतान् ४) कपोतानाम्
२. नायकस्य _____ सर्वे उत्साहिताः । (प्रेरकवचन - तृतीया)
अ) प्रेरकवचनम् आ) प्रेरकवचनात् इ) प्रेरकवचनैः ई) प्रेरकवचने
३. हिरण्यकः सर्वेषां _____ छिनत्ति स्म । (बन्धन - द्वितीया)
अ) बन्धनानि आ) बन्धनात् इ) बन्धने ई) बन्धनेन
४. एतत् अस्माकं _____ फलम् । (विचारहीनता - षष्ठी)
अ) विचारहीनता आ) विचारहीनतस्य इ) विचारहीनताम् ई) विचारहीनतायाः

५. सर्वे कपोताः चित्रग्रीवस्य कृत्वा भृगौ अवातरन् । (अवज्ञा - द्वितीया)

अ) अवज्ञा आ) अवज्ञाम् इ) अवज्ञम् ई) अवज्ञाः

६. उचितधातुरूपाणि चित्वा रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत ।

1x5=5

१. वयं धैर्यम् अवलम्ब्य उपायं _____ ।

अ) चिन्तयामि आ) चिन्तयामः इ) चिन्तयसि ई) चिन्तयावः

२. वयं सम्भूय मार्गं निर्माय स्वलक्ष्यं प्रति _____ ।

अ) गमिष्यामि आ) गमिष्यसि इ) गमिष्यामः ई) गमिष्यसि

३. ग्रीष्मावकाशे मित्राणि उत्तराखण्डम् _____ ।

अ) अगच्छत् आ) अगच्छः इ) अगच्छाम ई) अगच्छन्

४. वेदस्य चत्वारः संहिताः _____ ।

अ) अस्ति आ) स्मः इ) सन्ति ई) स्तः

५. अहं ज्ञानयज्ञं _____ ।

अ) सम्पादयति आ) सम्पादयामि इ) सम्पादयसि ई) सम्पादयन्ति

खण्ड ग -पठितावबोधनम् (25)

७. अनुच्छेदं पठित्वा प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि लिखत ।

अस्ति गोदावरीतीरे एको विशालः शाल्मलीतरुः । तत्र प्रतिदिनं दूरदेशात् पक्षिणः आगत्य निवसन्ति स्म । अथ कदाचित् तत्र कश्चिद् व्याधस्तण्डुलकणान् विकीर्य जालं विस्तीर्य च प्रच्छन्नो भूत्वा स्थितः । तस्मिन्नेव काले चित्रग्रीवनामा कपोतराजः सपरिवारः आकाशमार्गे गच्छति स्म । केचन कपोताः वनमध्ये तण्डुलकणान् अवलोक्य लोभाकृष्टाः अभवन् । ततो चित्रग्रीवः तण्डुलकणालुब्धान् कपोतान् अवदत् - कुतः अत्र निर्जने वने तण्डुलकणानां सम्भवः तद् निरूप्यताम् । कश्चिद् व्याधः भवेत् । सर्वथा अविचारितं कर्म न कर्तव्यम् । एतद्वचनं श्रुत्वा कश्चित् कपोतः सदर्पम् अवदत् । आः किमर्थम् एवमुच्यते?

वृद्धानां वचनं ग्राह्यमापत्काले ह्युपस्थिते ।

सर्वत्रैवं विचारे तु भोजने प्यप्रवर्तनम् ॥

अ) एकपदेन उत्तरत ।

$\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 1$

१. शाल्मलीतरुः कुत्र आसीत् ?

२. चित्रग्रीवः कः ?

आ) पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत ।

$1 \times 2 = 2$

१. तण्डुलकणलुब्धान् कपोतान् चित्रग्रीवः किम् अवदत् ?

२. व्याधः किं कृत्वा प्रच्छन्नो भूत्वा स्थितः ?

इ) भाषिककार्यम् ।

$1 \times 2 = 2$

१. विशालः शाल्मलीतरुः आसीत् । अत्र विशेषणं किम् ?

२. खगाः अस्य समानार्थकपदं अनुच्छेदात् चित्वा लिखत ।

८. अधोदत्तं श्लोकद्वयं पठित्वा प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि लिखत ।

संगच्छध्वं संवदध्वं सं वो मनांसि जानताम् । देवा भागं यथा पूर्वे संजानाना उपासते ॥

समानी व आकूतिः समाना हृदयानि वः । समानमस्तु वो मनो वः सुसहासति ॥

अ) एकपदेन उत्तरत ।

$\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 1$

१. वः कानि जानताम् ? _____

२. वः किं समानमस्तु ?

_____।

आ) पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत ।

१. सर्वेषां मनः कीदृशं भवेत् ?

1x2=2

२. आकृतिः कीदृशी भवेत् ?

_____।

इ. भाषिककार्यम् ।

1x2=2

१. संगच्छध्वम् अस्य अभिप्रायः अस्ति _____

अ) यूयं सर्वे मिलित्वा वदत आ) यूयं सर्वे मिलित्वा गच्छत

इ) यूयं सर्वे जानीत ई) यूयं सर्वे पठत

२. संवदध्वम् अस्य अभिप्रायः अस्ति _____

अ) यूयं सर्वे मिलित्वा वदत आ) यूयं सर्वे मिलित्वा गच्छत

इ) यूयं सर्वे जानीत ई) यूयं सर्वे पठत

९. समुचितपदैः अनुच्छेदंपूरयत ।

1x5=5

अस्माकं मित्रं हिरण्यको नाम _____ गण्डकीतीरे चित्रवने निवसति ।

सः अस्माकं पाशान् _____ छेत्स्यति । एतत् _____ सर्वे

हिरण्यकस्य _____ गताः । हिरण्यकः _____ अवपातभयात्

चकितस्तूष्णीं स्थितः ।

(दन्तबलेन, कपोतानाम्, मूषकराजः, आलोच्य, विवरसमीपं)

१०. रेखाङ्कितपदानि आधृत्य प्रश्ननिर्माणं कुरुत ।

1x5=5

१. वेदस्य अपरं नाम श्रुतिः ।

_____?

२. अयं पाठः ऋग्वेदात् सङ्कलितः ।

_____?

३. चित्रग्रीवः कपोतानां राजा आसीत् ।

_____?

४. कपोताः बुद्धिबलेन आत्मसंरक्षणं कृतवन्तः ।

_____?

५. कपोतान् दृष्ट्वा हिरण्यकः सविस्मयम् अवदत् ।

_____?

११. अधोदत्तान् शब्दान् भावानुसारं परस्परं योजयत ।

1x5=5

- | | |
|-------------|----------|
| १. मनः | धनानि |
| २. उपासते | सङ्कल्पः |
| ३. वसूनि | चित्तम् |
| ४. विश्वानि | सेवन्ते |
| ५. आकृतिः | समस्तानि |



SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, BENGALURU

Half Yearly Examination 2025-26

Subject: Mathematics

Class: 8

Date: 12-09-2025

No of printed sides: 5

Max Marks: 80

Reading time: 15min

Writing time: 3hours

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- Write your name, roll number, class and section, date and subject clearly in your answer script.
- All questions are compulsory. However, an internal choice in 2 questions have been provided.
- This question paper contains five Sections A, B, C, D and E.
- Section A consists of 20 MCQs of 1 mark each.
- Section B consists of 5 questions of 2 marks each.
- Section C consists of 6 questions of 3 marks each.
- Section D consists of 4 questions of 5 marks each.
- Section E consists of 3 case based integrated units of assessment questions of 4 marks with subparts of the values of 1, 2 and 1 mark each respectively.

Sl. No.	Section A	Marks 1x20=20
1.	Which one of the following is not a negative rational number? a. $\frac{-1}{7}$ b. $-\left(\frac{-8}{7}\right)$ c. $\frac{4}{-7}$ d. $-\left(\frac{-5}{-17}\right)$	1
2.	There is/are _____ solution/s for a linear equation with one variable. a. two b. one c. three d. none	1
3.	The n th odd number is _____. a. $3n + 3$ b. $3n + 1$ c. $2n$ d. $2n - 1$	1
4.	The measure of the sum of the four angles of a quadrilateral is always _____. a. equal to 360° b. more than 360° c. less than 360° d. equal to 180°	1
5.	A stick is 2 metres long. If you multiply its length by the reciprocal of its length, what will the result be? a) 0 b) 1 c) 2 d) none of these	1
6.	The numerical value of a rational number irrespective of its sign is called its _____. a. additive inverse b. multiplicative inverse c. absolute value d. reciprocal	1
7.	If four-fifths of a number is 84, then find the number a. 105 b. 60 c. 1 d. 0	1

8.	A square-shaped park has an area of $3,721 \text{ m}^2$. The residents' committee wants to know how many digits will be in the number representing the side length (in metres) of the park. a. 1 b. 2 c. 3 d. 4	1
9.	The three angles of a quadrilateral measure 45° , 105° , and 80° respectively. What should be the measure of the fourth angle to complete the quadrilateral shape of the polygon? a. 130° b. 150° c. 100° d. 160°	1
10.	A garden designer is asked to make a small flower bed that is fully enclosed using four wooden planks. This closed figure is called a _____. a. hexagon b. quadrilateral c. triangle d. octagon	1
11.	A parallelogram with all four sides equal is _____. a. square b. rhombus c. both (a) and (b) d. None of these	1
12.	_____ is a rational number. a. $\sqrt{2}$ b. $\frac{3}{4}$ c. π d. None of these	1
13.	Which one among the following is not a linear equation in one variable. a. $33z + 5 = 0$ b. $33(x + y) = 0$ c. $33x + 5 = 0$ d. $33y + 5 = 0$	1
14.	A rectangular frame has a perimeter of 40 m. If its width is 10 m, what is the length of the frame? a. 10m b. 20m c. 30m d. 40m	1
15.	The number _____ is known as the Hardy-Ramanujan number. a. 9129 b. 1972 c. 1729 d. 1792	1
16.	Prime factorisation of $6^3 =$ _____. a. $2^3 \times 2^3$ b. $2^3 \times 3^3$ c. $3^3 \times 5^3$ d. $2^3 \times 3^3 \times 5^3$	1
17.	If x is an even number, then the next even number is _____. a. $x+1$ b. $x+2$ c. $x+3$ d. $x+4$	1
18.	When two equilateral triangles are fitted together, what is the parallelogram thus obtained. a. kite b. rhombus c. square d. isosceles trapezium	1
19.	Assertion (A): Regular octagon is a regular polygon of 6 sides. Reason (R): A polygon that is equiangular (all angles are equal in measure) and equilateral (all sides have the same length) is called a regular polygon. a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A c) A is true but R is false d) A is false but R is true	1

20.	<p>Assertion (A): The degree of the equation $x^2 - 2x + 1 - x^2 - 3$ is 2</p> <p>Reason (R): The degree of an equation is the lowest power of the variable.</p> <p>a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A c) A is true but R is false d) A is false but R is true</p>	1
Section B		
21.	<p>Represent the rational number $-\frac{3}{4}$ on a number line.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>Represent the rational number $\frac{3}{2}$ on a number line.</p>	2x5=10 2
22.	<p>Sum of two numbers is 75. If one exceeds the other by 25. Find the numbers?</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>If 6 is added to 3 times of a number, it becomes 15. Find the numbers.</p>	2
23.	Find the smallest number by which 243 must be multiplied to obtain a perfect cube.	2
24.	Draw a parallelogram with adjacent sides of lengths 4cm and 5cm, and an angle of 30° between them.	2
25.	If the cost of $4\frac{1}{2}$ litres of milk is ₹89 $\frac{1}{2}$, find the cost of 1 litre of milk.	2
Section C		
26.	Solve $5x + \frac{7}{2} = \frac{3}{2}x - 4$	3x6=18 3
27.	<p>Simplify using a suitable property:</p> $\frac{-5}{4} \times \left(\frac{8}{5} + \frac{16}{5}\right)$ <p>Name the property</p>	3
28.	<p>Find the cube root of 46656.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>Find the smallest square number that is divisible by each of the following numbers 4, 9 and 10.</p>	3
29.	<p>Construct a kite whose diagonals are of lengths 6cm and 12cm.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>Draw a quadrilateral whose diagonals have equal lengths of 8cm that bisect each other, and intersect at an angle of 40°.</p>	3
30.	Solve $\frac{6x+1}{3} + 1 = \frac{x-3}{6}$	3
31.	Consider a number 45. Subtract consecutive odd numbers starting from 1. What is your inference?	3

32. Solve for x

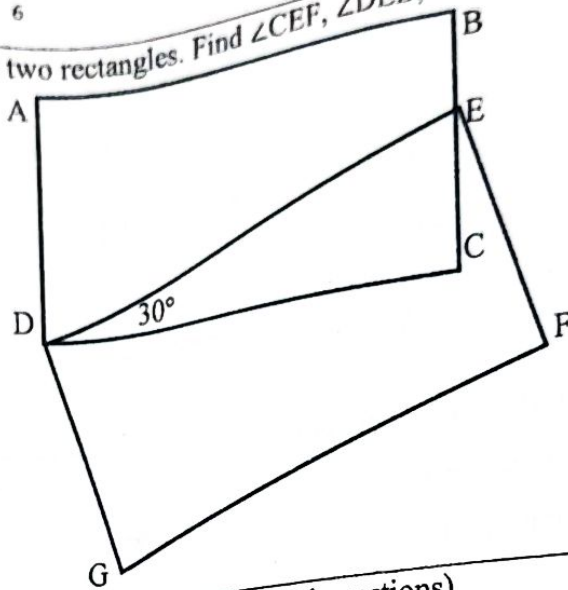
$$\frac{x+2}{3} - \frac{x+1}{5} = \frac{x-3}{4} - 1$$

33. Is 2,352 a perfect square number? If not, find the smallest multiple of 2,352 which is a perfect square. Find the square root of the new number.
OR
 Find the smallest number by which 9408 must be divided so as to get a perfect square number. Find the square root of the square number so obtained.

34. Verify the distributive property: $x \times (y + z) = (x \times y) + (x \times z)$ by taking $x = \frac{-3}{5}$, $y = \frac{2}{3}$ and $z = \frac{7}{10}$
OR
 Verify the Associative property of addition of rational numbers where

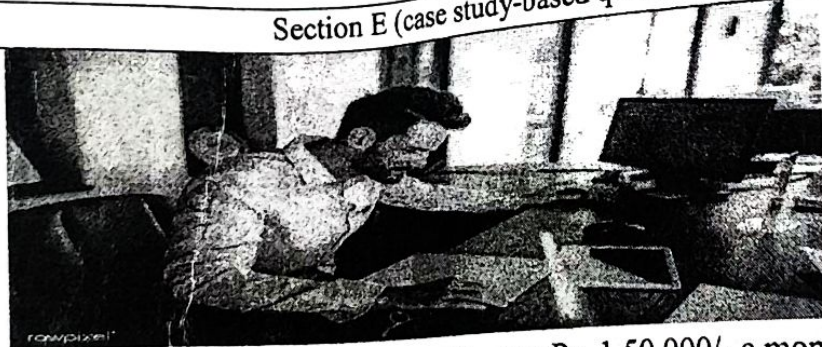
$a = \frac{2}{3}$, $b = \frac{4}{5}$, $c = \frac{-5}{6}$

35. ABCD and DEFG are two rectangles. Find $\angle CEF$, $\angle DEB$, $\angle DEC$, $\angle DCB$, $\angle ADE$



Section E (case study-based questions)

36.



Sanmesh is working in a company. He earns Rs. 1,50,000/- a month. Out of his earnings, he spends $\frac{1}{10}$ th on food items, $\frac{1}{4}$ th on shopping, $\frac{1}{5}$ th of the remaining on education of his two kids and rest of the money he puts in savings.

Based on the above information, answer the following:

1. How much money did he spend on the food items?
2. Calculate the amount spent on the education of his children?

OR

How much money did he save?

3. How much money did he spend on shopping?



Smart watches are a big innovation in the wearable industry. performing too many functions. The most common nowadays is to count the number of steps. This has a big impact on health.

Gunjan noticed the number of steps she walked on her smart watch in the evening was found to be 23328.

Based on the above information, answer the following:

1. Is the given number a perfect cube.
2. If not, then what is the smallest number to be multiplied to make it a perfect cube? What is the cube root of the cubic number?

1
2

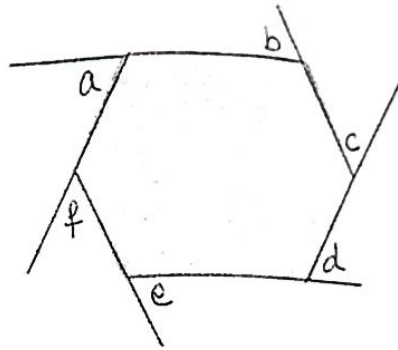
OR

If not, then what is the smallest number to be divided to make it a perfect cube? What is the cube root of the cubic number?

3. What is the one's digit in the cube of the number 9999.

1

38. A snowflake is formed when water molecule is joined together to form a rigid shape. The water molecules combine more molecules, they extend and form a rigid crystalline structure i.e. hexagon shape. Sometimes we see snowflakes with 12 sides.



Consider a regular hexagon and answer the following questions.

1. What is the sum of the measure of the exterior angles a, b, c, d, e and f?
2. What is the measure of each Exterior angle

1
2

OR

Interior angle

3. Is a rectangle a regular polygon? Why?

1



SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, BENGALURU

HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION (2025 -26)

SUBJECT: KANNADA

Class: VIII
Date: 17/09/2025
No of Printed sides: 10

Marks: 80
Reading Time: 15 Min
Writing Time: 3 Hrs.

ಸೂಚನೆಗಳು:

- ಈ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಪತ್ರಿಕೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಒಟ್ಟು 15 ಮುಖ್ಯ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿರುತ್ತವೆ.
- ಈ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಪತ್ರಿಕೆಯು ಭಾಗ A ಮತ್ತು ಭಾಗ B ಎಂಬ ಎರಡು ಭಾಗಗಳನ್ನು ಮತ್ತು A B C D ಎಂಬ ನಾಲ್ಕು ವಿಭಾಗಗಳನ್ನು ಒಳಗೊಂಡಿರುತ್ತವೆ.
- ವಿಭಾಗ - A ನಲ್ಲಿ ಒಟ್ಟು 4 ಮುಖ್ಯ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು, 10 ಬಹು ಆಯ್ಕೆಯ ಉಪಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಬರವಣಿಗೆಯ 10 ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿರುತ್ತವೆ.
- ಭಾಗ - A ಅನ್ವಯಿಕ ವ್ಯಾಕರಣದಲ್ಲಿ 10 ಬಹು ಆಯ್ಕೆಯ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು, 5 ಬರವಣಿಗೆಯ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಪಠ್ಯಪೂರಕದ 5 ಬಹು ಆಯ್ಕೆ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಬೇಕು.
- ಭಾಗ - B (ಬರವಣಿಗೆ ಕೌಶಲ್ಯ) ವಿಭಾಗ - C ನ ಎಲ್ಲಾ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಬೇಕು.
- ಭಾಗ -B (ಪಠ್ಯಗಳ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ) ಅಲ್ಲಿನ ವಿಭಾಗ - D ಯಲ್ಲಿಯ 11 ರಿಂದ 15 ಮುಖ್ಯ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಅಲ್ಲಿ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಸೂಚನೆಯಂತೆ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಬೇಕು.

ಭಾಗ - A (40 ಅಂಕಗಳು)	ವಾಚನ ಮತ್ತು ಗ್ರಹಿಕಾ ಕೌಶಲ್ಯ	20 ಅಂಕಗಳು
	ಅನ್ವಯಿಕ ವ್ಯಾಕರಣ	15 ಅಂಕಗಳು
	ಬಹು ಆಯ್ಕೆ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ - ಪಠ್ಯಗಳ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ	5 ಅಂಕಗಳು
ಭಾಗ - B (40 ಅಂಕಗಳು)	ಬರವಣಿಗೆ ಕೌಶಲ್ಯ	12 ಅಂಕಗಳು
	ಪಠ್ಯಗಳ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ	28 ಅಂಕಗಳು
	ಒಟ್ಟು ಅಂಕಗಳು	80 ಅಂಕಗಳು

7PART - A (40 ಅಂಕಗಳು)

(ವಾಚನ ಮತ್ತು ಗ್ರಹಿಕಾ ಕೌಶಲ್ಯ) = 10 ಅಂಕಗಳು

1. ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಗದ್ಯವನ್ನು ಓದಿಕೊಂಡು, ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಬಹು ಆಯ್ಕೆ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ.

ಕನ್ನಡ ಭಾಷೆಗೆ ಎರಡು ಸಾವಿರಕ್ಕೂ ಹೆಚ್ಚು ಇತಿಹಾಸವಿದೆ. ಜೀವಂತ ಭಾಷೆಯಾದ ಕನ್ನಡ ನಿಂತ ನೀರಾಗಿಲ್ಲ. ಹಾಗಾಗಿ ಅದರ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯವನ್ನು ಗಮನಿಸಿದರೆ, ಪೂರ್ವದ ಹಳೆಗನ್ನಡ, ಹಳೆಗನ್ನಡ, ನಡುಗನ್ನಡ ಹಾಗೂ

ಹೊಸಗನ್ನಡ ಬಾಷಾಸ್ಥಿತ್ಯಂತರವಿರುವುದು ಕಾಣುತ್ತದೆ ಹಳಗನ್ನಡದ ಮೇಲೆ ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತದ ಪ್ರಭಾವ ದಟ್ಟವಾಗಿದೆ. ನಡುಗನ್ನಡಾವಸ್ಥೆಯ ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತದ ಪ್ರಯೋಗ ಕಡಿಮೆಯಾಗಿ ಬೇಸಿ ಪ್ರಯೋಗಗಳಿಗೆ ಪ್ರಾಧಾನ್ಯವಾಗಿದೆ ಬಂದಿತು. ಸಮಕಾಲೀನ ಸಂದರ್ಭದಲ್ಲಿ ನಾವು ಮಾತನಾಡುತ್ತಿರುವುದು ಹೊಸಗನ್ನಡ. ಆದರೆ ಕನ್ನಡಿಗರು ಹಲವು ಭಾಷೆಗಳನ್ನಾಡುವ ಜನರೊಂದಿಗೆ ಬೆರೆತು ವ್ಯವಹರಿಸುವುದು ಪರಿಣಾಮವಾಗಿ, ಹೊಸಗನ್ನಡದಲ್ಲಿ ಅನ್ಯದೇಶಗಳೂ ಬಂದು ಸೇರಿಕೊಂಡುಬಂದಿರಲಾಗಿ, ಬಾಷಾ ಶುದ್ಧತೆಯ ಕಡೆಗೆ ಗಮನ ಹರಿಯಲು ಸಾಧ್ಯವಾಗಿಲ್ಲ.

ವಿದ್ಯಾಭ್ಯಾಸಕ್ಕೂ ಉದ್ಯೋಗಕ್ಕೂ ಸಂಬಂಧವಿರುವುದರಿಂದ, ಬ್ರಿಟಿಷರ ಕಾಲದ ವಿದ್ಯಾಭ್ಯಾಸದ ಪದ್ಧತಿಯೂ ಉಳಿದುಕೊಂಡು ಬಂದಿರುವುದರಿಂದ ದೇಶೀಯ ಭಾಷೆಗಳ ಪ್ರಾಧಾನ್ಯತೆ ಕುಗ್ಗುತ್ತಾ ಬಂದಿದೆ. ಎನ್ನಬಹುದು. ಎಲ್ಲರಿಗೂ ಇಂಗ್ಲೀಷ್ ಮಾಧ್ಯಮದ ಬಳಕೆ ಭಾಷೆಯಾಗಿಯೂ ಕನ್ನಡಕ್ಕೆ ಪ್ರಾಧಾನ್ಯವೇನಿಲ್ಲ. ದೇಶಿ ಭಾಷೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಉತ್ತಮಿಕೆಯನ್ನು ಮೆರೆದರೆ ಅದಕ್ಕೆ ಪ್ರೋತ್ಸಾಹವೂ ಇಲ್ಲ. ಹೀಗಾಗಿ ಇಂದು ಕನ್ನಡ ಭಾಷೆ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯಗಳು ಉಳಿದುಕೊಳ್ಳುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಹಳ್ಳಿಗರನ್ನು ಆಶ್ರಯಿಸಬೇಕಾಗಿದೆ. ಅಲ್ಲೂ ಅಕ್ಷರಸ್ಥರ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ ಕಡಿಮೆಯಿರುವುದರಿಂದ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯ ಸುಲಭವಾಗಿ ಅಲ್ಲಿಗೆ ಸುಗ್ಗವಂತಿಲ್ಲ. ಕನ್ನಡ ಭಾಷಾ ಪ್ರಾಧಾನ್ಯತೆಗೆ ಕನ್ನಡಿಗರು ಸರ್ಕಾರಿ ಆಜ್ಞೆಗಳನ್ನು ಕಾಯುತ್ತಾ ಕುಳಿತರೆ ಕನ್ನಡ ಭಾಷೆ ಬಡವಾಗುವುದರಲ್ಲಿ ಸಂಶಯವಿಲ್ಲ. ಮಾತೃಭಾಷೆಗೆ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣದಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರಾಧಾನ್ಯ ದೊರೆತಾಗ, ಜ್ಞಾನ ಭಂಡಾರ ಬೆಳೆಯುತ್ತದೆ. ಬದುಕು ಹಸನಾಗುತ್ತದೆ ಎನ್ನಲಾಗಿದೆ.

ಕನ್ನಡಿಗರ ಬಹುದಿನಗಳ ಬೇಡಿಕೆ ಈಡೇರಿದೆ. ಕನ್ನಡಕ್ಕೆ ೨೦೦೮ರಲ್ಲಿ ಶಾಸ್ತ್ರೀಯ ಭಾಷೆಯ ಸ್ಥಾನ ಲಭಿಸಿದೆ. ಆದರೆ 'ಶಾಸ್ತ್ರೀಯ' ಕ್ಲಾಸಿಕಲ್ ಎಂಬ ಪದಕ್ಕೆ ಸಮಾನವೆಂಬಂತೆ ಪರಿಗಣಿಸಲಾಗದು. 'ಪಾರಂಪರಿಕ ಭಾಷೆ' ಎಂಬ ಪದವೇ ಕನ್ನಡಕ್ಕೆ ಹೆಚ್ಚು ಒಗ್ಗುವಂಥದ್ದು ಎನ್ನುವ ಭಾಷಾ ತಜ್ಞರು, ಈ ಮನ್ನಣೆಯ ಹಿಂದಿನ ಪ್ರಯತ್ನಗಳ ಮೇಲೆ ಕನ್ನಡದ ಪ್ರಾಚೀನತೆಯ ಮೇಲೆ ಕನ್ನಡದ ವಿವಿಧ ಪ್ರಭೇದಗಳ ಅಧ್ಯಯನದ ಅಗತ್ಯಗಳ ಮೇಲೆ ತಮ್ಮ ಗಮನವನ್ನು ಸೆಳೆದಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಇಂಗ್ಲೀಷ್ ನಂತೆ ಕನ್ನಡ ಪಡೆಯುವ ಹಾಗೂ ಕೊಡುವ ಭಾಷೆಯಾಗಿ ಎರಡೂ ಪಾತ್ರಗಳನ್ನು ನಿರ್ವಹಿಸದಾಗಲಷ್ಟೇ, ದೊರೆತ ಸ್ಥಾನಕ್ಕೊಂದು ಬೆಲೆ ಎಂಬುದನ್ನು ಸಮಸ್ತ ಕನ್ನಡಿಗರು ಮನಗಾಣಬೇಕಿದೆ.

5x1=5

ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು

I. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಯಾವ ವರ್ಷದಲ್ಲಿ ಕನ್ನಡ ಭಾಷೆಗೆ ಶಾಸ್ತ್ರೀಯ ಸ್ಥಾನಮಾನ ದೊರೆತಿದೆ?

- ೧. ೨೦೦೮
- ೨. ೨೦೦೬
- ೩. ೨೦೦೭
- ೪. ೨೦೦೯

II. ಅನ್ಯದೇಶೀಯ ಪದಗಳು ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಯಾವ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯದ ಪ್ರಕಾರದಲ್ಲಿ ಬಂದು ಸೇರ್ಪಡೆಯಾಗಿವೆ?

- ೧. ಹಳಗನ್ನಡ
- ೨. ನಡುಗನ್ನಡ
- ೩. ಹೊಸಗನ್ನಡ
- ೪. ಮೇಲಿನ ಎಲ್ಲವೂ

III. ದೇಶೀಯಾ ಭಾಷೆಗಳನ್ನು ಉಳಿಸಿಕೊಳ್ಳಲು ಯಾರ ಆಶ್ರಯ ಬೇಕಾಗಿದೆ?

- ೧. ಮಕ್ಕಳ
- ೨. ಹಳ್ಳಿಗರ
- ೩. ನಗರವಾಸಿಗಳ
- ೪. ಪಲಸಿಗರ

IV. ಯಾವ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯ ಪ್ರಕಾರದಲ್ಲಿ ದೇಸಿ ಪ್ರಯೋಗಗಳಿಗೆ ಪ್ರಾಧಾನ್ಯತೆ ಬಂದಿತು?

- ೧. ನಡುಗನ್ನಡ
- ೨. ಹಳಗನ್ನಡ
- ೩. ಹೊಸಗನ್ನಡ
- ೪. ಪೂರ್ವದ ಹಳಗನ್ನಡ

V. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಹೇಳಿಕೆಗಳನ್ನು ಸರಿಯಾಗಿ ಓದಿ ಉತ್ತರ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

ಹೇಳಿಕೆ : ೧ ಹಳಗನ್ನಡದ ಮೇಲೆ ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತದ ಪ್ರಭಾವ ದಟ್ಟವಾಗಿದೆ.

ಹೇಳಿಕೆ : ೨ ಹೊಸಗನ್ನಡದಲ್ಲಿ ಅನ್ಯದೇಶ್ಯ ಪದಗಳು ಬಂದು ಸೇರಿಕೊಂಡಿವೆ.

ಎ) ಮೇಲಿನ ಎರಡು ಹೇಳಿಕೆಗಳು ಸರಿಯಾಗಿವೆ. ಬಿ) ಮೇಲಿನ ಎರಡು ಹೇಳಿಕೆಗಳು ತಪ್ಪಾಗಿವೆ.

ಸಿ) ಎರಡನೆಯ ಹೇಳಿಕೆಯು ಮಾತ್ರ ಸರಿಯಾಗಿದೆ. ಡಿ) ಮೊದಲಿನ ಹೇಳಿಕೆಯು ಮಾತ್ರ ಸರಿಯಾಗಿದೆ

2. ಈ ಗದ್ಯವನ್ನು ಓದಿಕೊಂಡು, ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಬಹು ಆಯ್ಕೆ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ.

ಶಿವಮೊಗ್ಗದ ತುಂಗಾನದಿಯ ಎರಡೂ ದಂಡೆಯ ಮೇಲಿರುವ ಜೋಡಿ ಗ್ರಾಮಗಳೇ ಮತ್ತೂರು ಮತ್ತು ಹೊಸಹಳ್ಳಿ. ಇವೆರಡೂ ಗ್ರಾಮಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಸಂಕೇತಿ ಜನಾಂಗದವರು ವಾಸಿಸುತ್ತಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಇವು ಅವರಿಗೆ ವಿಜಯನಗರದ ಅರಸರಿಂದ ಯಜ್ಞ-ಯಾಗಾದಿಗಳು ಹಾಗೂ ವೇದಾಧ್ಯಯನದ ಮೂಲಕ ವೇದ ರಕ್ಷಣೆಗಾಗಿ ದಾನವಾಗಿ ದೊರೆತ ಆಗ್ರಹಾರಗಳು. ನೂರಾರು ವರ್ಷಗಳಿಂದ ಇಂದಿನವರೆಗೂ ವೇದ, ಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ, ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತ, ಗಮಕ, ಸಂಗೀತ, ಕೃಷಿ-ಇವುಗಳನ್ನೆಲ್ಲಾ ರೂಢಿಸಿಕೊಂಡು ಭಾರತೀಯ ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತಿ, ಪರಂಪರೆಯನ್ನು ಉಳಿಸಿ, ಬೆಳೆಸುತ್ತಿರುವ ಈ ಗ್ರಾಮಗಳು ಇಂದಿನ ಕಂಪ್ಯೂಟರ್ ಯುಗವೆಂಬ ಮರಳುಗಾಡಿನಲ್ಲಿ 'ಓಯಿಸಿಸ್'ನಂತಿವೆ. ಕನ್ಯಾಕುಮಾರಿಯಿಂದ ಕಾಶ್ಮೀರದವರೆಗೂ ಅವೆಷ್ಟೋ ಹಳ್ಳಿಗಳು, ಗುರುಕುಲಗಳು ವೇದ ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತಿಯನ್ನು ಉಳಿಸಿ, ಬೆಳೆಸಲು ಇಂದಿಗೂ ಶ್ರಮಿಸುತ್ತಿವೆ. ಈ ಜೋಡಿ ಗ್ರಾಮಗಳೂ ಸೇರಿಕೊಂಡಿರುವುದು ಕರ್ನಾಟಕಕ್ಕೆ ಹೆಮ್ಮೆಯ ಸಂಗತಿ.

ಹೊಸಹಳ್ಳಿಗೆ 'ಗಮಕ ಗ್ರಾಮ' ಎಂದೇ ಹೆಸರು ಗಮಕ ವಾಚನ-ವ್ಯಾಖ್ಯಾನ ಕಲೆಯನ್ನು ಈಗಲೂ ಬಂದಿರುವುದು ಇಲ್ಲಿಯ ವಿಶೇಷ. ಹೊಸಹಳ್ಳಿ ಕೇಶವಮೂರ್ತಿಯವರು ಕರ್ನಾಟಕದ ಹೆಸರಾಂತ ಗಮಕಿಗಳು ಎಂದು ಪ್ರಸಿದ್ಧಿ ಪಡೆದಿದ್ದಾರೆ.

5x1=5

ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು

I. ಹೊಸಹಳ್ಳಿಗೆ ಇರುವ ಪರ್ಯಾಯ ನಾಮವೇನು?

- ೧. ಗಮಕಗ್ರಾಮ
- ೨. ಮತ್ತೂರುಗ್ರಾಮ
- ೩. ಚಂಪಕಗ್ರಾಮ
- ೪. ಕುಲಪತಿಗ್ರಾಮ

- II. ಜೋಡಿ ಗ್ರಾಮದಲ್ಲಿ ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಯಾವ ಜನಾಂಗ ವಾಸಿಸುತ್ತಿತ್ತು?
೧. ತುಂಗಾಜನಾಂಗ ೨. ಯಮುನಾಜನಾಂಗ ೩. ಸಂಕೇತಜನಾಂಗ ೪. ಗಂಗಾಜನಾಂಗ
- III. ವಿಜಯ ನಗರದ ಅರಸರಿಂದ ಬಳುವಳಿಯಾಗಿ ಬಂದ ಗ್ರಾಮಗಳು?
೧. ಮತ್ತೂರು, ತೆಲಿಗಿ ೨. ಹೊಸಹಳ್ಳಿ, ತೆಲಿಗಿ ೩. ಶಿವಮೊಗ್ಗ, ಮತ್ತೂರು ೪. ಮತ್ತೂರು, ಹೊಸಹಳ್ಳಿ
- IV. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಹೇಳಿಕೆಗಳನ್ನು ಸರಿಯಾಗಿ ಓದಿ ಉತ್ತರ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.
- ಹೇಳಿಕೆ: 1 ಶಿವಮೊಗ್ಗ ಜಿಲ್ಲೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ತುಂಗಾ ನದಿಯು ಹರಿದಿದೆ.
- ಹೇಳಿಕೆ : 2 ಹಂಪೆ ವಿಜಯನಗರದ ರಾಜಧಾನಿಯಾಗಿತ್ತು.
೧. ಮೊದಲಿನ ಹೇಳಿಕೆಯು ಮಾತ್ರ ಸರಿಯಾಗಿದೆ. ೨. ಮೇಲಿನ ಎರಡು ಹೇಳಿಕೆಗಳು ತಪ್ಪಾಗಿವೆ.
೨. ಮೇಲಿನ ಎರಡು ಹೇಳಿಕೆಗಳು ಸರಿಯಾಗಿವೆ. ೪. ಎರಡನೆಯ ಹೇಳಿಕೆಯು ಮಾತ್ರ ಸರಿಯಾಗಿದೆ
- V. ಕರ್ನಾಟಕದ ಹೆಸರಾಂತ ಗಮಕಿಗಳು ಯಾರು?
೧. ಚೌಡಯ್ಯ ೨. ಕುವೆಂಪು ೩. ಸುಬ್ಬಯ್ಯ ೪. ಕೇಶವಮೂರ್ತಿ

3. ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಎನ್. ಎಸ್. ಲಕ್ಷ್ಮೀನಾರಾಯಣ್ ಭಟ್ಟ ಅವರ ಸಾರ್ಥಕ ಬದುಕಿನ ಸಾಧಕ - ಡಿ.ವಿ.ಜಿ

ಗದ್ಯಭಾಗವನ್ನು ಓದಿಕೊಂಡು, ಅದರ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರವನ್ನು ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

ವಿಶ್ವೇಶ್ವರಯ್ಯ ಅವರು ತಮ್ಮ ಕೆಲಸ ಕಾರ್ಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಎಷ್ಟೋ ಜನ ಮೇಧಾವಿಗಳ ಸಹಾಯ ಪಡೆಯುತ್ತಿದ್ದರು. ಪ್ರತಿಯಾಗಿ ಅದಕ್ಕೆ ತಕ್ಕ ಸಂಭಾವನೆಯನ್ನು ಕೊಡುತ್ತಿದ್ದರು. ಡಿವಿಜಿ ಅವರಿಂದಲೂ ಅವರು ಅನೇಕ ಕೆಲಸ ಮಾಡಿಸಿಕೊಂಡಿದ್ದುಂಟು. ಮೊದಲ ಸಲ ಅವರಿಗೆ ಸಂಭಾವನೆ ಕೊಡಲು ಹೋದಾಗ ಡಿವಿಜಿ ಒಪ್ಪಲಿಲ್ಲ. ಇದು ರಾಜ್ಯದ ಕೆಲಸ. ಅಲ್ಲದೆ ವಿಶ್ವೇಶ್ವರಯ್ಯ ಎಂಥ ಮಹಾವ್ಯಕ್ತಿ! ಅವರ ಜೊತೆಗೆ ವ್ಯವಹರಿಸಿದ್ದೇ ತಮಗೊಂದು ಹೆಮ್ಮೆ. ಹಾಗಿರುವಾಗ ಅದಕ್ಕೆ ಸಂಭಾವನೆಯೇ? ಎಂದಿಗೂ ಕೂಡದು. ಇದು ಅವರ ತರ್ಕ. ಆದರೆ ಈ ತರ್ಕ ನಡೆಯಲಿಲ್ಲ. ಡಿವಿಜಿ ಮೊಂಡಾದರೆ ವಿಶ್ವೇಶ್ವರಯ್ಯ ಜಗಮೊಂಡು. ಇದು ನನ್ನ ವೈಯಕ್ತಿಕ ಕೆಲಸ. ನನಗೆ ಇದಕ್ಕೆ ಹಣ ಬರುತ್ತದೆ. ನೀವು ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಳ್ಳಲೇಬೇಕು. ಇಲ್ಲದಿದ್ದರೆ ಮುಂದೆ ನಿಮ್ಮ ಸಹಾಯವೇ ಬೇಡ ಎಂದು ಕೋಪಿಸಿಕೊಂಡರು. ಆಯಿತು; ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಳ್ಳಲು ಡಿವಿಜಿ ಒಪ್ಪಿದರು. ಮುಂದೆ ವಿಶ್ವೇಶ್ವರಯ್ಯ ಅವರಿಗೆ ಪ್ರತಿಸಲವೂ ಚೆಕ್ಕು ಕೊಡುತ್ತಾ ಹೋದರು. ಡಿವಿಜಿ ಪಡೆಯುತ್ತಾ ಹೋದರು. ಆದರೆ ಆ ಚೆಕ್ಕುಗಳು ಬ್ಯಾಂಕಿನ ಮೆಟ್ಟಿಲನ್ನು ಹತ್ತಿದರೆ ತಾನೆ?

ಡಿವಿಜಿ ಅವರು ಆಧುನಿಕ ಕನ್ನಡ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯದ ದಿಗ್ಗಜರಲ್ಲಿ ಒಬ್ಬರು. ಕನ್ನಡ ಸಾರಸ್ವತ ಲೋಕದ ಭೀಷ್ಮ ಎಂದು ಕರೆಸಿಕೊಂಡವರು. ಅವರದ್ದು ಹೋಲಿಕೆ ಇಲ್ಲದ ಅಪೂರ್ವ ವ್ಯಕ್ತಿತ್ವ. ಇತರ ಸಾಹಿತಿಗಳಂತೆ ಅವರು ಸಾಹಿತಿ ಮಾತ್ರವಾಗಿರಲಿಲ್ಲ. ಹೆಸರಾಂತ ಪತ್ರಕರ್ತರಾಗಿದ್ದರು. ಹಿರಿಯ ವೇದಾಂತಿಯಾಗಿದ್ದರು. ರಾಜ್ಯಶಾಸ್ತ್ರದಲ್ಲಿ

ಆಳವಾದ ತಿಳಿವಳಿಕೆಯುಳ್ಳವರಾಗಿದ್ದರು. ಸಾರ್ವಜನಿಕ ಜೀವನಕ್ಕೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದ ಎಲ್ಲ ವಿಚಾರಗಳ ಮಂಡನಕ್ಕಾಗಿ ಗೋಖಲ ಸಾರ್ವಜನಿಕ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಯಿಂದ ಪ್ರಸಿದ್ಧ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಯನ್ನು ಕಟ್ಟಿದ ಸಾಹಿತಿ ಬೇರೆ ಯಾರಿದ್ದಾರೆ? ಅವರನ್ನು ಮಹಾ ದೀಮಂತ ಎಂಬ ಮಾತಿನಿಂದ ವರ್ಣಿಸುವುದು ಸರಿಯಾದೀತೇನೋ.

ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು

5x1=5

೧. ಸಂಭಾವನೆಯನ್ನು ಪಡೆಯುವ ವಿಷಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಡಿ.ವಿ.ಜಿಯವರ ತರ್ಕವೇನು?

೨. ಡಿ.ವಿ.ಜಿ ಯವರು ಸಾರ್ವಜನಿಕ ಜೀವನಕ್ಕೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದ ವಿಚಾರ ಮಂಡನಕ್ಕಾಗಿ ಸ್ಥಾಪಿಸಿದ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ ಯಾವುದು?

೩. ಡಿ.ವಿ.ಜಿಯವರು ಸಂಭಾವನೆ ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಳ್ಳದಿದ್ದಾಗ ವಿಶ್ವೇಶ್ವರಯ್ಯನವರು ಏನು ಹೇಳಿದರು?

೪. ಡಿ.ವಿ.ಜಿಯವರು ಯಾವುದರಲ್ಲಿ ಆಳವಾದ ತಿಳಿವಳಿಕೆಯುಳ್ಳವರಾಗಿದ್ದರು?

೫. ಯಾವುದು ಬ್ಯಾಂಕಿನ ಮೆಟ್ಟಿಲನ್ನು ಹತ್ತಲಿಲ್ಲ?

4. ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ರಾಷ್ಟ್ರಕವಿ ಎಂ, ಗೋವಿಂದ ಪೈ ಅವರ 'ಕನ್ನಡಿಗರ ತಾಯಿ' ಎಂಬ ಪದ್ಯವನ್ನು ಓದಿಕೊಂಡು, ಅದರ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರವನ್ನು ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

ಜೈನರಾದ ಪೂಜ್ಯಪಾದ ಕೊಂಡಕುಂದವರ್ಯರ,

ಮಧ್ವಯತಿಯೆ ಬಸವಪತಿಯೆ ಮುಖ್ಯ ಮತಾಚಾರ್ಯರ,

ಶರ್ವ ಪಂಪ ರನ್ನರ,

ಲಕ್ಷ್ಮೀಪತಿ ಜನ್ನರ,

ಷಡಕ್ಷರಿ ಮುದ್ದಣ್ಣರ,

ಪುರಂದರವರೇಣ್ಯರ,

ತಾಯಿ, ನಿನ್ನ ಬಸಿರೆ ಹೊನ್ನಗನಿ ವಿದ್ಯಾರಣ್ಯರ!

ಹಳೆಯ ಬೀಡ ಬೇಲನಾಡ ಮಾಡಮೆನಿತೊ ಸುಂದರಂ!

ಬಿಳಿಯ ಕೊಳದ ಕಾರಕಳದ ನಿಡುಕರೆನಿತೊ ಬಂಧುರಂ!

ಇಲ್ಲಿಲ್ಲದ ಶಿಲ್ಪಮಿಲ್ಲ;

ನಿನ್ನ ಕಲ್ಲೆ ನುಡಿವುದಲ್ಲ!

ಹಿಂಗತೆಯಿನಿವಾಲ ಸೊಲ್ಲ

ನೆಮ್ಮತ್ಯಪೆಗೆ ದಕ್ಕಿಸು!

ಹೊಸತು ಕಿನ್ನರಿಯಲಿ ನಿನ್ನ ಹಳೆಯ ಹಾಡನುಕ್ಕಿಸು!

ತನ್ನ ಮರೆಯ ಕಂಪನರಿಯದವನೆ ಹೊರಗೆ ಹುಡುಕುವ
 ಮೃಗದ ಸೇಡು ನಮ್ಮ ಪಾಡು ಪರಲ ಸುದಿಗೆ ಮಿಡುಕುವೆ!
 ಕನ್ನಡ ಕಸ್ತೂರಿಯನ್ನ
 ಹೊಸತುಸಿರಿಂ ತೀಡದನ್ನ
 ಸುರಬಿ ಎಲ್ಲಿ? ನೀನದನ್ನ
 ನವಶಕ್ತಿಯಿನಬ್ಬಿಸು-

ಹೊಸ ಸುಗಂಧದೊಸಗೆಯಿಂದ ಜಗದಿ ಹೆಸರ ಹಬ್ಬಿಸು!
 ನಮ್ಮದೆಯಂ ತಾಯೆ ಬಲಿಸು,
 ಎಲ್ಲರ ಬಾಯಲ್ಲಿ ನೆಲಸು,
 ನಮ್ಮ ಮನಮನೊಂದೆ ಕಲಸು!
 ಇದನೊಂದನೆ ಕೋರುವೆ!

ನಿನ್ನ ಮೂರ್ತಿ ಜಗತೀರ್ತಿ ಎಂದಿಗೇಮಗೆ ತೋರುವೆ?

5x1=5

ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು

೧. ಯಾವ ಹಾಡನ್ನು ಹೊಸ ಕಿನ್ನರಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಉಕ್ಕಿಸಬೇಕು?
೨. ಕೊಂಡಕುಂದವರ್ಯರು ಯಾರು?
೩. ಕವಿ ಗೋವಿಂದ ಪೈ ಅವರು ತಾಯಿಯನ್ನು ಏನೆಂದು ಕೋರುವರು?
೪. ಯಾವುದನ್ನು ಅರಿಯದೆ ಹೊರಗೆ ಹುಡುಕುವರು?
೫. ಕನ್ನಡ ನಾಡಿನ ಹೆಸರನ್ನು ಹೇಗೆ ಹಬ್ಬಿಸಬೇಕು?

SECTION - B

(ಅನ್ವಯಿಕ ವ್ಯಾಕರಣ ಮತ್ತು ಪಠ್ಯಪೂರಕ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ) = 20 ಅಂಕಗಳು

5. ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರತಿಯೊಂದು ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ನಾಲ್ಕು ಉತ್ತರವನ್ನು ಕೊಡಲಾಗಿದೆ. ಅವುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಸರಿಯಾದ ಪದವನ್ನು

10x1=10

ಆರಿಸಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

1. ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ತತ್ಸಮ - ತದ್ಭವಗಳ ಸರಿಯಾದ ರೂಪವನ್ನು ಗುರುತಿಸಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

೧. ಪ್ರಸಾದ - ಹಸಾದ

೨. ವಿನೋದ-ಬಿನದ

೩. ರಾಜ - ರಾಜರು

೪. ಕಾರ್ಯ - ಕಾವ್ಯ

ಅ) ೧ ಮತ್ತು ೩

ಆ) ೨ ಮತ್ತು ೪

ಇ) ೨ ಮತ್ತು ೩

ಈ) ೧ ಮತ್ತು ೨

II ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಸಂಧಿ - ಸಂಧಿ ಪದಗಳನ್ನು ಹೊಂದಿಸಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

೧. ಚಕ್ರಾದಿಪತಿ	ಅ. ಗುಣಸಂಧಿ
೨. ಮುಖ್ಯೋಪಾಧ್ಯಾಯ	ಆ. ಲೋಪಸಂಧಿ
೩. ಕಂಬನಿ	ಇ. ಸರ್ವೋದೀರ್ಘಸಂಧಿ
೪. ನಿನ್ನಾಣ್ಣ	ಈ. ಆದೇಶ ಸಂಧಿ
1) ೧ - ಅ ೨ - ಆ ೩ - ಈ ೪ - ಇ	
2) ೧ - ಇ ೨ - ಅ ೩ - ಈ ೪ - ಆ	
3) ೧ - ಇ ೨ - ಈ ೩ - ಅ ೪ - ಆ	
4) ೧ - ಈ ೨ - ಇ ೩ - ಅ ೪ - ಆ	

III. 'ಇಳ' ಈ ಪದದ ಅರ್ಥ _____

- 1) ಕಾನನ 2) ಇರುಳು 3) ಗರ್ವ 4) ಭೂಮಿ

IV. ಮುದುಕನಿಗೆ ಮಗನ ಮಾತನ್ನು ಕೇಳುವ ತಾಳ್ಮೆ ಇರಲಿಲ್ಲ. (ಗೆರೆ ಎಳೆದ ಪದದಲ್ಲಿರುವ ವಿಭಕ್ತಿ ಗುರುತಿಸಿ)

- 1) ಚತುರ್ಥೀ 2) ಪಂಚಮೀ 3) ಸಪ್ತಮೀ 4) ತೃತೀಯಾ

V. ಬೆಳಗ್ಗೆ ಬೀದಿ ಬೀದಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಅವಳು ಹೂವನ್ನು ಮಾರುವಳು. (ಸರ್ವನಾಮಪದ ಗುರುತಿಸಿ)

- 1) ಬೆಳಗ್ಗೆ 2) ಅವಳು 3) ಹೂವನ್ನು 4) ಮಾರುವಳು

VI. ಪಠ- ಪಾಠ ಈ ಪದಗಳ ಅರ್ಥವ್ಯತ್ಯಾಸ ಕ್ರಮವಾಗಿ ಹೀಗಿದೆ.

- 1) ಗಾಳಿಪಟ, ಗದ್ಯ 2) ದಾರಿ, ಪಾದ 3) ಭಾವಚಿತ್ರ, ಗದ್ಯ 4) ಭಾವಚಿತ್ರ, ಗಾಳಿಪಟ

VII. ತಂದೆ ಮತ್ತು ಮಗ ಹೋಟೆಲ್ ನಲ್ಲಿ ಗರಿಗರಿಯಾದ ದೋಸೆಯನ್ನು ತಿಂದರು. ಅನುಕರಣಾವ್ಯಯ ಪದ ಗುರುತಿಸಿ.

- 1) ತಂದೆ 2) ಹೋಟೆಲ್ 3) ಗರಿಗರಿ 4) ದೋಸೆ

VIII. ಸಲೀಸಾಗಿ ಎಲ್ಲೆಂದರಲ್ಲಿ ನೀರು ಪುಕ್ಕಟೆಯಾಗಿ ನಿಮಗೆ ಖಂಡಿತ ಸಿಗದು.

(ಗೆರೆ ಎಳೆದ ಪದದ ವಿಶೇಷತೆ ಗುರುತಿಸಿ)

- 1) ಗುಣವಾಚಕ 2) ರೂಢನಾಮ 3) ಅನ್ವರ್ಥನಾಮ 4) ಅಂಕಿತನಾಮ

IX. ಹಬ್ಬ : ಹರಿದಿನ :: ಭಕ್ತ್ಯ : _____ (ಮೂರನೆ ಪದಕ್ಕೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದ ಪದ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ)

- 1) ಭೋಜ್ಯ 2) ಭವನ 3) ಭಾವನ 4) ಸಿಹಿ ತಿಂಡಿ

x. ಶಿಕ್ಷಕರ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗೆ ಮಕ್ಕಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರ ಹೊಳೆಯಲಿಲ್ಲ. (ಕ್ರಿಯಾಪದದ ಧಾತು ಗುರುತಿಸಿ)

- 1) ಉತ್ತರ 2) ಹೊಳೆ 3) ಮಕ್ಕಳು 4) ಹೊಳೆಯಲಿಲ್ಲ

5X1=5

6. ಕೆಳಗಿನವುಗಳನ್ನು ಸೂಚಿಸಿದಂತೆ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ:

೧. ವನಜಳು ಗಾಯನ ಸ್ಪರ್ಧೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಗೆದ್ದಳು.

(ಈ ವಾಕ್ಯವನ್ನು ವರ್ತಮಾನ ಕಾಲಕ್ಕೆ ಪರಿವರ್ತಿಸಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ)

೨. ಅವನು ಕಣ್ಣನ್ನು ಬಟ್ಟೆಯಿಂದ ಉಜ್ಜತೊಡಗಿದನು.

(ಈ ವಾಕ್ಯವನ್ನು ಬಹುವಚನಕ್ಕೆ ಪರಿವರ್ತಿಸಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ)

೩. ಯಜ್ಞ ತುರಗವು ಮಣಿಪುರವನ್ನು ಪ್ರವೇಶಿಸಿತು. (ಕರ್ತೃ ಮತ್ತು ಕ್ರಿಯಾಪದ ಗುರುತಿಸಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ)

೪. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಗಾದೆ ಮಾತಿನ ಅರ್ಥವನ್ನು ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

೧. ಗಿಡವಾಗಿ ಬಗ್ಗದ್ದು ಮರವಾಗಿ ಬಗ್ಗಿತೆ.

೫. ಕೈಕೊಡು (ಈ ಪದವನ್ನು ಬಳಸಿ ಸ್ವಂತ ವಾಕ್ಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ)

7. ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರತಿಯೊಂದು ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ನಾಲ್ಕು ಉತ್ತರಗಳನ್ನು ಕೊಡಲಾಗಿದೆ. ಅವುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಸರಿಯಾದ ಪದವನ್ನು ಆರಿಸಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

5X1=5

೧. ನಮ್ಮ ದೇಹದ ಬೂದಿಯನ್ನು ಗಾಳಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ತೂರಿ ಬಿಟ್ಟರೆ ಇಲ್ಲಿಗೆ ಹೋಗಿ ಬೀಳುವುದು.

- 1) ತೆಂಗು ಬೆಳೆಯುವಲ್ಲಿ 2) ಭತ್ತ ಬೆಳೆಯುವಲ್ಲಿ 3) ತಾವರೆ ಅರಳುವಲ್ಲಿ 4) ಅಡಿಕೆ ತೋಟದಲ್ಲಿ

೨. ವಾರ್ತಾಪತ್ರಿಕೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾರ ಭಾವಚಿತ್ರ ಬಂದಿತ್ತು?

- 1) ಮುದುಕನ 2) ಯುವಕನ 3) ಶಾಂತಿಯ 4) ಸೀತೆಯ

೩. ಮುಷ್ಟಿ ಬೂದಿಯನ್ನು ತಿಂದು _____ ಪುಷ್ಟವಾಗುವುದು.

- 1) ಮೊಸಳೆ 2) ಹಸು 3) ಮೀನು 4) ಬೆಕ್ಕು

೪. ಯುವಕನು ಮನೆ ಬಿಟ್ಟು _____ ಗೆ ಹೋದನು.

- 1) ದೆಹಲಿ 2) ಮದರಾಸ್ 3) ಮಂಗಳೂರು 4) ಪಾಂಡಿಚರಿ

೫. ಮುದುಕನು ಯುವಕನಿಗೆ _____ ಹೇಳಿಕೊಡುವ ಕೆಲಸಕೊಟ್ಟನು.

- 1) ಪಾಠ 2) ನೃತ್ಯ 3) ಸಂಗೀತ 4) ಚಿತ್ರ ಬಿಡಿಸುವ

ಭಾಗ- B (40 ಅಂಕಗಳು)

SECTION C

ಬರೆವಣಿಗೆ ಕೌಶಲ್ಯ (12 ಅಂಕಗಳು)

8. ನಿಮ್ಮ ಶಾಲೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಆಚರಿಸಿದ ಪರಿಸರ ದಿನಾಚರಣೆಯನ್ನು ಕುರಿತು ನಿಮ್ಮ ಗೆಳೆಯ/ ಗೆಳತಿಗೆ ಪತ್ರ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ. 4
9. ನಿಮ್ಮ ಶಾಲೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಆಚರಿಸಿದ ಯೋಗ ಮತ್ತು ಸಂಗೀತ ದಿನಾಚರಣೆಯನ್ನು ಕುರಿತು ಪಠದಿ ತಯಾರಿಸಿ. 4
10. ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ವಿಷಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಒಂದನ್ನು ಕುರಿತು ಪ್ರಬಂಧ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ. 4
- ಅ) ರಾಷ್ಟ್ರೀಯ ಹಬ್ಬಗಳ ಮಹತ್ವ
- ಆ) ಜಾಗತಿಕ ತಾಪಮಾನ
- ಇ) ಪರಿಸರ ಮಾಲಿನ್ಯ ತಡೆಗಟ್ಟುವಲ್ಲಿ ವಿದ್ಯಾರ್ಥಿಗಳಾದ ನಿಮ್ಮ ಪಾತ್ರ.

SECTION - D

ಪಠ್ಯಗಳ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ (28 ಅಂಕಗಳು)

11. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಎರಡು ವಾಕ್ಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿರಿ. 4X2= 8
೧. ಎಲ್ಲರೊಳಗೊಂದಾಗಿ ಬಾಳುವ ಬಗೆಯನ್ನು ಡಿ.ವಿ.ಜಿ ಹೇಗೆ ಚಿತ್ರಿಸಿದ್ದಾರೆ?
೨. ಸುವ್ರತಿ ಹಾಗೂ ಸುತನ ಬಗೆಗೆ ಕವಿ ಏನು ಹೇಳಿದ್ದಾನೆ?
೩. ಯುವಕನು ರೈಲಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಸಿಕ್ಕದ ಮುದುಕನ ಮನೆಗೆ ಏಕೆ ಬಂದನು?
೪. ಬೂದಿಯನ್ನು ಕೊಳದಲ್ಲಿ ಬಿಡುವುದರಿಂದ ಬದುಕು ಧನ್ಯವಾಗುವುದು ಹೇಗೆ? ವಿವರಿಸಿ.
12. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ 5-6 ವಾಕ್ಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ. 3X2= 6
೧. ಬೇಹಿನವರನ್ನು ಕಳಿಸುವ ವಿಚಾರದಲ್ಲಿ ರಾಹುಲನ ಅಭಿಪ್ರಾಯವೇನು?
೨. ಬಡವ ಬಲ್ಲಿದನಾಗುವನು ಎಂಬುದಕ್ಕೆ ಕವಿ ಪುಲಿಗೆರೆ ಸೋಮನಾಥ ನೀಡಿರುವ ನಿದರ್ಶನಗಳಾವುವು?
13. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಸಂದರ್ಭವನ್ನು ಸ್ವಾರಸ್ಯದೊಡನೆ ವಿವರಿಸಿ. 3X2=6
೧. "ನಿನ್ನ ಕಲ್ಲೆ ನುಡಿವುದಲ್ಲ"
ಅಥವಾ
"ಸ್ನಾನವ ಮಾಡಿದರೇನು ಫಲ"

9. "ಮಗ್ಗವಲ್ಲ ಕೊರಳಿಗೆ ಹಗ್ಗ!"

ಅಥವಾ

"ಸೋದರಿಯ ಸುತೆಯೆಂದು ಎಳೆತನದಲ್ಲೇ ನನ್ನ ಕರೆತಂದು ಸಾತಿದಿರಿ"

4X1=4

14. ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗೆ 8-10 ವಾಕ್ಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ.

೧. ಕರೀಮ ಧನವಂತನಾದ ಬಗೆ ಹೇಗೆ ? ವಿವರಿಸಿ?

ಅಥವಾ

ಯಶೋಧರೆಯ ವಿಧಿಯ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ರಾಜನು ಏನೆಂದು ಹೇಳಿದನು?

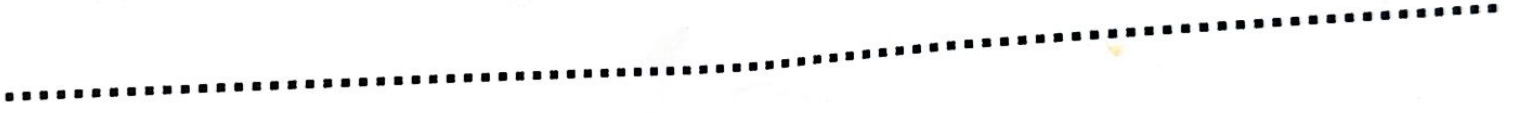
4X1=4

15. ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗೆ 8-10 ವಾಕ್ಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ.

೧. ಪುರಂದರ ದಾಸರ ದೃಷ್ಟಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ನಮ್ಮ ಶ್ರಮಕ್ಕೆ ಫಲ ದೊರೆಯುವುದು ಯಾವಾಗ? ವಿವರಿಸಿ.

ಅಥವಾ

ಶ್ರೇಷ್ಠ ಮಂತ್ರಿಯಲ್ಲಿರಬೇಕಾದ ಲಕ್ಷಣಗಳೇನು?






SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, BENGALURU.
HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION (2025-26)
SUBJECT: SCIENCE

Class: VIII
Date: 15.9.2025
No. of Printed sides: 8

Marks: 80
Reading Time: 15 Min.
Writing Time: 3 Hrs.

General Instructions:

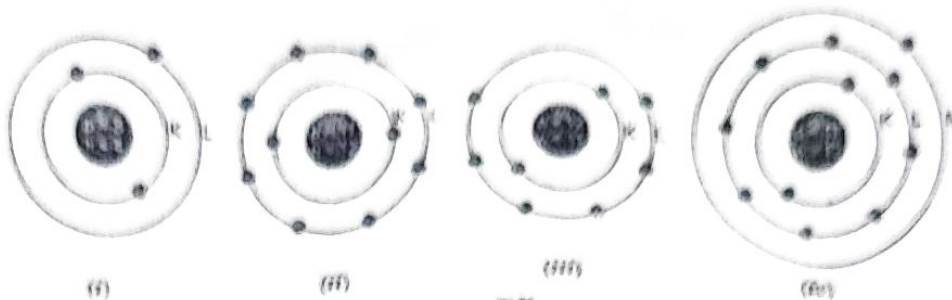
- (i) This question paper consists of 39 questions in 3 sections. Section A is Biology, Section B is Chemistry and Section C is Physics.
(ii) All questions are compulsory. However, an internal choice is provided in some questions. A student is expected to attempt only one of these questions.

Q. No.	SECTION -A	Marks
1	What is the role of neem leaves in grain storage? A. To add flavour B. To act as a natural pesticide C. To absorb excess moisture D. To increase the nutritional value	1
2	Deforestation can disrupt the balance of nature by: A. Increasing biodiversity B. Reducing carbon dioxide levels C. Causing more rainfall D. Destroying animal habitats	1
3	Identify the function performed by the tool given below.  A. To loosen the soil B. To sow seeds uniformly C. To remove weeds D. To harvest the crop	1
4	Why is competition between organisms important in nature? A. It causes extinction B. It leads to pollution C. It helps to maintain balance in ecosystem D. It always harms the environment	1

5	Which of the following is human induced ecological damage? A. Oil spills in the ocean B. Volcanic eruption C. Orchids growing on the branch of a tree D. Forest regrowth after a wildfire	1
6	_____ is not a factor that contributes to the imbalance in natural pest control. A. Monoculture B. Overuse of pesticides C. Biodiversity D. Climate change	1
7	Choose the correct option which illustrates the concept of a symbiotic relationship in nature. A. A lion hunting a zebra B. Trees producing oxygen C. An earthquake reshaping the landscape D. Bees pollinating flowers while collecting nectar	1
<p>The following two questions consist of two statements – Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Answer these questions by selecting the appropriate option given below:</p> <p>A. Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A. B. Both A and R are true, and R is not the correct explanation of A. C. A is true but R is false. D. A is false but R is true.</p>		
8	Assertion (A): A community is smaller than an ecosystem. Reason (R): A community includes both living (biotic) and non-living (abiotic) components.	1
9	Assertion (A): 2, 4-D is an example of weedicide. Reason (R): Insects compete with crops for sunlight and nutrients.	2
10	Explain the advantages of levelling.	2
11	Attempt either option A or B. A. Crops like pea, pulse and soyabean do not require any manure while crops like wheat, maize and barley need manure from time to time. Give reason for the same. OR B. 'All crops should be sown in the rainy season so that they get enough water'. Do you agree with this statement? Justify your answer with reason.	2
12	If a large number of Toads were to disappear from an ecosystem, what could be the possible consequences for the balance of nature? Explain your reason.	3
13	Manure is a natural substance that can be added to the soil to increase its fertility. Fertilizer is given to the soil to promote fertility and productivity. (i) Write one advantage of both. (ii) Which should be promoted by us and why?	3
14	(i) Why is a kitchen garden called an artificial ecosystem while a forest is considered to be a natural ecosystem? (ii) While designing an artificial ecosystem at home, write any two things to be kept in mind to convert it to a self-sustaining system.	3

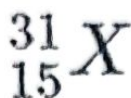
15	<p>In a drought prone region of Maharashtra, farmers struggle with water scarcity. A farmer named Arjun recently adopted drip irrigation on his vegetable farm. His water usage has decreased and crop yield has improved.</p> <p>Attempt either subpart C or D.</p> <p>A. How does drip irrigation work? B. Explain any two traditional methods used for irrigation. C. How can water efficient irrigation improve crop yield?</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>D. Name and compare any other modern irrigation technique with drip irrigation.</p>	4
16	<p>Attempt either option A or B.</p> <p>A. (i) Make a simple food chain from the following organisms. Snake, Rabbit, Grass, Hawk (ii) "Improvements in our lifestyle have resulted in greater amounts of waste material generation". Give two examples to justify the given statement. (iii) 'Save the tiger' campaign is being overemphasized these days by our government. What may be the possible reason?</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>B. (i) Make a food web using the following organisms. Fox, Bear, Rabbit, Grass, Snake, Hawk (ii) List two reasons to show that the existence of decomposers is essential in an ecosystem. (iii) Herbivores always occupy the second trophic level. Justify.</p>	5
SECTION-B		
17	<p>The state of matter that has the highest kinetic energy of its particles is:</p> <p>A. Solid B. Liquid C. Gas D. All states have the same kinetic energy</p>	1
18	<p>Which of the following statements best describes the Law of Conservation of Mass?</p> <p>A. Mass can be created but not destroyed. B. Mass can be destroyed but not created. C. Mass can neither be created nor destroyed. D. Mass can be converted into energy.</p>	1
19	<p>Identify the factor that increases the rate of diffusion.</p> <p>A. Decrease in temperature B. Increase in temperature C. Increase in pressure D. Decrease in concentration</p>	1
20	<p>An atom has four shells and 19 protons in its atom. What is its valency?</p> <p>A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4</p>	1

21	Identify the correct statement about the gases. A. Gases have a fixed shape but no fixed volume. B. Gases have neither fixed shape nor fixed volume. C. Gases have fixed volume but no fixed shape. D. Gases have both fixed shape and fixed volume.	1
22	Which of the following represents a polyatomic ion? A. Cu^{2+} B. Cl^- C. SO_4^{2-} D. Mg^{2+}	1
23	The chemical formula of Calcium chloride is: A. CaCl B. CaCl_2 C. Ca_2Cl D. Ca_2Cl_2	1
<p>The following two questions consist of two statements – Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Answer these questions by selecting the appropriate option given below:</p> <p>A. Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A. B. Both A and R are true, and R is not the correct explanation of A. C. A is true but R is false. D. A is false but R is true.</p>		
24	Assertion: Ions are always positively charged. Reason: Ions are formed by losing or gaining of electrons.	1
25	Answer the questions based on the given data. Substance 1 - is brittle. Substance 2 - melts at 5°C and boils at 150°C . Substance 3 - has high melting point of 800°C . (i) What would be the physical state of substance 2 at room temperature? (ii) Which one of the substances 1, 2 and 3, would have the strongest force of attraction? Give reason.	2
26	<u>Attempt either option A or B.</u> A. (i) Why do Helium, Neon and Argon have a zero valency? (ii) Identify the Sodium ion from the following figures. What is the valency of Sodium?	3



OR

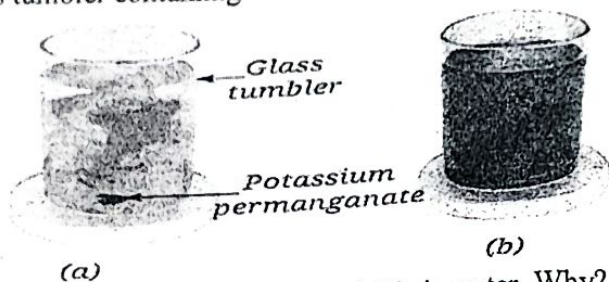
- B.** (i) In the atom of an element X, 6 electrons are present in the outermost shell. If it acquires noble gas configuration by accepting required number of electrons, then what would be the charge on the ion so formed?
 (ii) Calculate the number of neutrons present in the nucleus of an element X which is represented as



- (iii) State the number of atoms present in the following chemical species.
 (a) CO_3^{2-}
 (b) P_2O_5

- 27 (i) What would you observe when you add a few grains of Potassium permanganate in a glass tumbler containing water? Discuss the reason for your observation.

3



- (ii) Substances, like sand, are insoluble in water. Why?

- 28 Matter is anything that occupy space and has mass. Matter is classified into solid, liquid and gas. In solid state particles are closely packed and have very strong force of attraction, particles can only vibrate and rotate around fixed positions. In liquid state, particles are less closely packed and have strong force of attraction but less than solids, particles can move throughout the liquid. In gaseous state particles are far apart with weak force of attraction and are in state of constant random motion. Gases can be easily compressed whereas solids and liquids are incompressible.

4

Attempt either subpart D or E.

- A. What would you observe when you keep an inflated balloon in a refrigerator?
 B. We can easily move our hand in the air but to do the same through a solid block of wood, we need a karate expert. Why?
 C. What do you observe when two spoons of sugar are dissolved in a tumbler of water?
 D 'Grinding a chalk piece is a physical change'. Justify.

OR

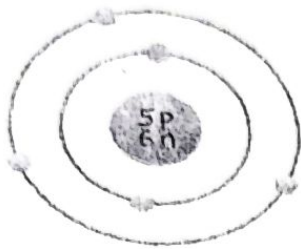
E. We can get the smell of perfume sitting several metres away, why?

29

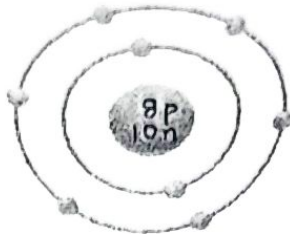
Attempt either option A or B.

A.

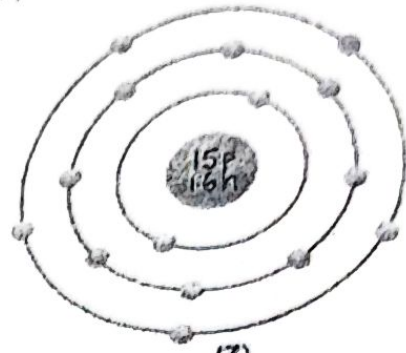
(i) Observe the figures X, Y and Z given below and complete the table.



(X)



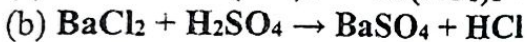
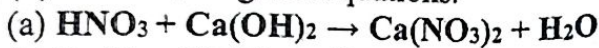
(Y)



(Z)

	Atomic no.	Mass no.	Valency
X	-	11	-
Y	8	-	3, 5
Z	-	-	-

(ii) Balance the given equations.



OR

B. (i) An element forms an oxide A_2O_3 .

(a) What is the formula of the chloride of A?

(b) What is the valency of A?

(ii) Write the chemical formulae of the following compounds using criss-cross method.

(a) Aluminum sulphate

(b) Zinc carbonate

(c) Ammonium nitrate

SECTION-C

30

What is a convex lens also known as?

A. Diverging lens

B. Concave lens

C. Converging lens

D. Plane lens

31

When a goalkeeper stops a moving football, the force applied:


A. Increases the speed of the ball

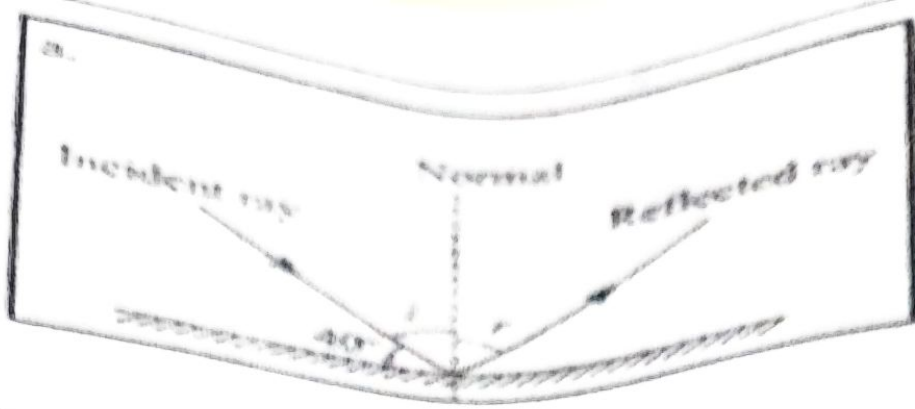
B. Decreases the speed of the ball to zero

C. Changes the mass of the ball

D. Changes the shape permanently

The following two questions consist of two statements – Assertion (A) and Reason (R).
 Answer these questions by selecting the appropriate option given below:
 Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.
 Both A and R are true, and R is not the correct explanation of A.
 A is true but R is false.
 A is false but R is true.

32	Assertion (A): A force can change the shape of an object. Reason (R): When a potter kneads clay, they are applying force to change its shape.	1
33	The side mirror of a scooter got broken. The mechanic replaced it with a plane mirror. Mention any inconvenience that the driver of the scooter will face while using it.	2
34	Attempt either option A or B. A. What is the difference between muscular force and frictional forces? OR B. What are the two ways of reducing friction?	2
35	Two different types of lenses are placed on a sheet of newspaper. How will you identify them without touching?	3
36	Draw and also state two points of difference between regular and diffused reflection.	3
37	 <p>(i) What effect does the player's action have on the football? (ii) Name the type of force applied. (iii) What would happen if another player kicks the ball from the opposite side at the same time?</p>	3
38	<p>The light ray that falls on a mirror is called the incident light ray. The ray that comes back from the surface after reflection is called the reflected light ray. The point where the incident ray strikes the reflecting surface is called the point of incidence. A line drawn perpendicular to the mirror at the point of incidence is normal. If the rays, after reflection from a surface, are parallel, then the reflection is termed regular reflection. The reflection from a plane mirror is an example of regular reflection.</p> <p>Attempt either subpart C or D.</p> <p>A. Rakhi switched on a torch light and pointed it towards a mirror. She calculated the angle of the incident and found it to be 50°. What is the angle of reflection? B. A student switched on a torchlight and points it towards a rough reflecting surface. What is likely to happen to the rays of light emitted from the torch? C. What would be the angles of incidence and reflection if the angle between the plane mirror and the incident ray is 40°?</p>	4

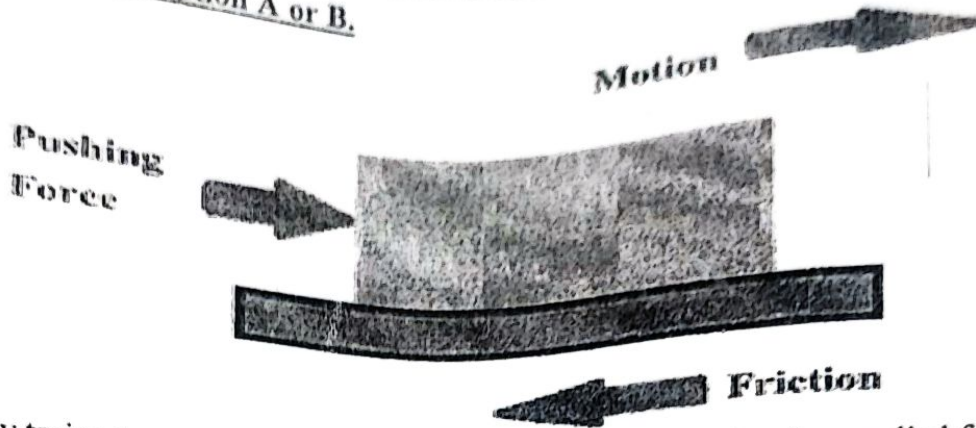


D. State the laws of reflection of light.

OR

39

Attempt either option A or B.



A. boy trying to push a box on a rough surface, with arrows showing applied force and friction).

- (i) What type of force is friction?
- (ii) In which direction will the box move and why?
- (iii) How does the rough surface affect motion?
- (iv) Name two methods to reduce friction shown here.
- (v) Explain why friction is also useful, with examples.

OR

B. A child is pulling a toy car with 25 N and 10 N in opposite direction.



- (i) What type of forces are acting here?
- (ii) If the two forces applied were equal in magnitude but opposite in direction, what would happen to the toy car?
- (iii) In which direction will the toy car move? Why?
- (iv) What type of force is this?



SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, BENGALURU

HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION: 2025-26

SUBJECT: SOCIAL SCIENCE (087)

DATE: 19/09/2025

CLASS : VIII

NO OF PRINTED SIDES: 8

MARKS: 80


READING TIME: 15 mins

WRITING TIME: 3 hrs

General Instructions:

1. There are 38 questions in the Question paper. All questions are compulsory.
2. The question paper has Four Sections – A-History, B- Civics, C- Economics, and D – Geography
3. Each Section is of 20 Marks and has MCQs, VSA, SA, LAs and CBQ.
4. Very Short Answer Type Questions (VSA), carry 2 marks each. Answers to each question should not exceed 40 words.
5. Short Answer Type Questions (SA), carry 3 marks each. Answers to each question should not exceed 60 words.
6. Long answer type questions (LA), carry 5 marks each. Answers to each question should not exceed 120 words.
7. There are case based questions (CBQ) with three sub questions and are of 4 marks each. Answers to each question should not exceed 100 words.
8. The map-based questions, carry 5 marks with two parts- Q9. In Section A- History (2 marks) and Q19. In Section B -Geography (3 marks)
9. There is no overall choice in the question paper. However, an internal choice has been provided in few questions. Only one of the choices in such questions must be attempted.

Q. No	Section -A HISTORY	25
1	If James Mill's ideas were applied to another colony, what would he most likely argue about? a. It was already civilized before European arrival b. It needed European laws and institutions c. It had nothing to learn from Europe d. It was more advanced than Europe	1

2	<p>Assertion (A): Historians use a variety of sources to reconstruct the past. Reason (R): Only official documents are sufficient to understand the history of common people.</p> <p>a. Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A. b. Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A. c. A is true, but R is false. d. A is false, but R is true.</p>																				
3	<p>Identify the option that was excluded from the focus areas of British surveys in India.</p> <p>a. Botanical information b. Cultural practices c. Economic data d. Topographical details</p>																				
4	<p>The picture shows the Royal emblem of which empire</p> <p>a. Vijayanagara Empire b. Bahmani Kingdom c. Hoysala Dynasty d. Rashtrakuta Dynasty</p> 																				
5	<p>Which of the following pair is rightly matched?</p> <p>a. Calligrapher – who is specialised in the art music b. Lord William Bentick – The first Governor -General of India c. James Rannel – Prepared the first map of India d. Census - held every eight years</p>																				
6	<p>Tick the correct option for the correctly matched pairs:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2">Column-1</th> <th colspan="2">Column-2</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1.</td> <td>Archaeological surveys</td> <td>i</td> <td>Study human societies and culture</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2.</td> <td>Botanical surveys</td> <td>ii</td> <td>The study of old remains and monuments of the past</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3.</td> <td>Anthropological surveys</td> <td>iii</td> <td>The study of animals and their natural habitats</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4.</td> <td>Zoological surveys</td> <td>iv</td> <td>The study of plants or flora</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Options</p> <p>a. 1-i, 2- ii, 3- iv, 4-iii b. 1-ii, 2-iv, 3-ii, 4-iii c. 1-iv, 2-iii, 3-ii, 4-i d. 1-ii, 2-iv, 3-i, 4-iii</p>	Column-1		Column-2		1.	Archaeological surveys	i	Study human societies and culture	2.	Botanical surveys	ii	The study of old remains and monuments of the past	3.	Anthropological surveys	iii	The study of animals and their natural habitats	4.	Zoological surveys	iv	The study of plants or flora
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7	<p>Analyse the economic and social effects of the Jizya tax on Hindu communities during the sultanate period.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>Identify two reasons why the Eastern Ganga Kingdom could resist the Delhi Sultanate, successfully.</p>																				
8	<p>What were the major achievements of Krishnadevaraya?</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>Evaluate Ala-ud -din Khilji’s role in expanding and defending the Delhi Sultanate at the turn of the 14th century.</p>																				

9	Historians divide Indian history into <i>ancient, Medieval</i> and modern. But this division too has its problems. What are those problems.	3
10	What might have happened if the Vijaya nagara Empire had won the Battle of Talikota? Imagine and describe how it could have changed the political and cultural history of south India. OR Evaluate the success and failure of Muhammad bin Tughlaq's schemes, were they ahead of their time or simply impractical?	5
11	Read the given text and answer the following questions: A new era in India's journey began in the early 11th century. Invasions from beyond the Hindu Kush mountains reshaped India's political map. No doubt, India had seen much warfare in earlier periods, but the spate of invasions by people from outside the Indian subcontinent during this period was unprecedented. Many of these invaders were Central Asian — Turkic or Afghan. They were drawn to India not only for her reputed riches and for territorial ambitions, but also often to spread, by force of violence if necessary, their own versions of their religion. 11.1 Name the Delhi Sultan who began the construction of the Qutub Minar. 11.2 How did Domingo Paes describe the Size of the Vijayanagara capital? 11.3 Who built the Kumbhalgarh Fort and where?	1 1 2
12	Map skill-based questions: 1. The kingdom of Eastern Ganga 2. The capital of the Bahmani Kingdom	2
Section -B CIVICS		25
13	What percentages of Indians were allowed to vote before Independence in 1947? a. 100 % b. 50% c. 15% d. 13%	1
14	Read the situation below and answer the question: A 12- year- old child working in a factory that makes firecrackers. Which fundamental Right is being violated? a. Right to Equality b. Right against Exploitation c. Right to Freedom d. Cultural and educational Rights	1
15	Observe the picture given below. He was the chief Election Commissioner in 1990. Identify him. a. Sukumar Sen b. T.N Seshan c. Sunil Kumar d. Rajiv Sen	1
16	Consider the following statements with respect to the election of the	1



21 Give reasons
aspirations
22 Discuss
Cor

President of India:

1. The President is elected by an Electoral College.
2. This Electoral College consists of elected members of State Legislative Assemblies.
3. The nominated members of the parliament also take part in the election.

Which of the above statements are correct?

- a. 1 and 2 only
- b. 1 and 3 only
- c. 2 and 3 only
- d. 1,2 and 3

1

17 In an Election, why is the use of a 'Secret ballot' important

- a. To make the counting process faster
- b. To ensure the voting process is private and fair, so no one knows who a person voted for
- c. To save paper by using smaller ballot paper
- d. To allow the election officer to choose the winner

1

18 Tick the correct option for the correctly matched pair.

	Column-1		Column-2
A	Republic	i	King/queen as head but bound by Constitution
B	Constitutional monarchy	ii	Constitution Assembly in 1946
C	Secularism	iii	Head of state is elected, not hereditary
D	A group of 300 members	iv	Religion-Neutral state

Options:

	A	B	C	D
A	ii	iv	i	iii
B	iii	i	iv	ii
C	iv	ii	iii	i
D	ii	iv	i	iii

1

19

Assertion (A) : Rajya Sabha is a permanent House of the Parliament .

Reason (R) : One -third of its members retire every two years.

- a. Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.
- b. Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A.
- c. A is true, but R is false.
- d. A is false, but R is true

20

In November 2005, the Maoists and other political parties signed a ___ agreement.

- a. 5-point
- b. 10-point
- c. 12-point
- d. 15-point

1

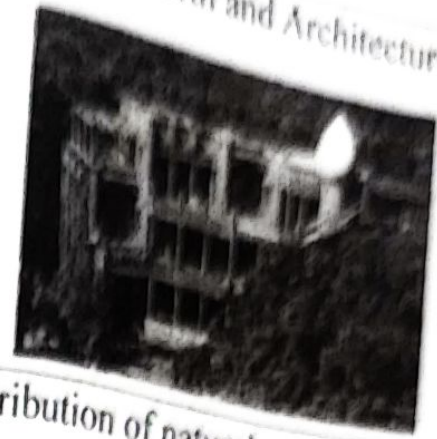
21	Give reasons to show that the constitution of 1990 did not meet the aspirations of the people of Nepal.	2
22	Discuss the three organs of the government and their functions as per the Constitution. OR How does the division of powers in a Federal system help in governing a large and diverse country like India?	3
23	Universal Adult Franchise is the foundation of Indian democracy? Justify the statement.	3
24	Analyse the structure and functions of Election Commission of India. OR Discuss the major challenges faced by the Indian electoral system and suggest suitable measures to overcome them?	5
25	Read the given text and answer the following questions: By the beginning of the twentieth century, the Indian national movement had been active in the struggle for independence from British rule for several decades. During the freedom struggle the nationalists had devoted a great deal of time to imagining and planning what a free India would be like. Under the British, they had been forced to obey rules that they had very little role in making. The long experience of authoritarian rule under the colonial state convinced Indians that free India should be a democracy in which everyone should be treated equally and be allowed to participate in government. What remained to be done then was to work out the ways in which a democratic government would be set up in India and the rules that would determine its functioning. 25.1 When did the Constitution come into force? 25.2 Name the person popularly known as the father of the Indian Constitution. 25.3 List the two factors that were taken into account by the Drafting Committee while drafting the Indian Constitution.	1 1 2
Section – C ECONOMICS		15
26	The term Demographic Dividend refers to which of the following statements? Options: a. The total number of elderly people in a country. b. The economic benefit a country gains when the working -age population is larger than the dependent population. c. The financial gain from foreign investments. d. The increase in population due to high birth rate.	1

27	The Japanese concept of 'Kaizen' which helped their country achieve higher standards of living means. a. Working long hours b. Respect for elders c. Continuous improvement d. Profit is everything.	1
28	An entrepreneur is a person who: a. Only works for a large company b. Identifies a problem, takes risks, and combines factors of production to start a business. c. Only invests money in the stock market. d. Avoids all forms of risk.	1
29	In Economics, the term 'capital' includes: a. Only the money a business has in the bank b. Only the profit a business makes. c. Monetary resources as well as human-made assets like machinery, tools, and factories. d. Only the stocks and shares of a company.	1
30	Assertion (A): India has achieved equal literacy rates for males and females. Reason (R): As per World Bank estimates of 2023, the adult literacy rate in India is 85% for males and 70% for females. a. Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A b. Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A. c. A is true, but R is false. d. A is false, but R is true.	1
31	Explain with examples how knowledge and skills make people valuable in production processes.	2
32	Ratna wanted to start a catering business but lacked funds. Suggest three possible sources of capital for her, based on the lesson.	3
33	List the achievements of JRD Tata during his life time. Imagine yourself as JRD Tata. What would be your contribution to society? OR Explain how education and training complement each other with reference to engineering.	5

Section – D GEOGRAPHY

74 Which organisation holds the UNESCO chair for Earth and Architecture related to this construction?

- a. Indian Institute Technology
- b. Auroville Earth Institute
- c. Madras Institute
- d. Vishveshvara Institute Technology



35 Discuss the implication of the uneven distribution of natural resources across the planet (any two points)

36 “Green Revolution has resulted in current environmental crisis in Punjab. Comment on the given statement.

OR

Explain the concept of ecosystem services and describe how they support human well-being with examples.

37 **Read the given text and answer the following questions:**

One of the meanings of the word ‘Nature’ is the totality of life and non-life forms that are part of our environment but have not been created by humans. When humans use these for their sustenance, or create new things from them for consumption, these elements of Nature become ‘resources’. For example, trees are part of the environment; they exist independently of humans. When we cut them and convert their wood into furniture, we see the trees as a resource.

37.1 Which state became India’s first fully organic state?

37.2 Name the obvious natural resources.

37.3 Explain how Restoration occur in natural system? Illustrate with examples.

1
1
2

38 **Map skill – based questions**

3

Locate the following on the given map of India (Any 3)

- 1. Kudremukh
- 2. Bombay High
- 3. Nevyeli
- 4. Amarkantak

Map for Q. no. 12 (Section A) and Q. no. 38 (Section D)





SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, BENGALURU

Half Yearly Examination 2025-26

Subject: Computer Science

Class: VIII

Date: 09/09/2025

No of Printed Sides: 3

Max Marks: 30

Reading Time: 15 Minutes

Writing time: 1 Hour

Instructions:

1. Read all questions carefully.
2. All questions are compulsory.
3. Write neatly in the given order.

1	Choose the correct answer	5X1=5
1	What is the purpose of function parameters? (a) To make the code shorter (b) To provide specific ingredients or data to a function (c) To confuse the programmer (d) To make the code colourful	1
2.	What will happen if the exit criteria for a loop are not properly defined? (a) The loop will execute faster (b) The loop will not execute at all (c) The loop will execute infinitely (d) The loop will terminate immediately	1
3.	For creating a triangle using the given length of sides, which control structure is used to decide whether a triangle is possible? (a) Sequencing (b) Selection (c) Iteration (d) None of the above	1
4.	Which of the following statements is correct regarding indentation in Python? (a) It is not important and can be ignored (b) It is used to indicate a block of code (c) It is used to write comments (d) It is used to declare variable	1
5.	What is the role of a switch in a computer network? (a) To connect multiple networks (b) To direct data packets to the appropriate device on the same network (c) To host website (d) To modulate and demodulate analogue signals for digital data transmission	1

II.	Answer the following in one word:	5X1=5
1.	This software is specialized and designed to manage and optimize computer performance.	1
2.	This programming language is powerful, high-level, and interpreted.	1
3.	This operator checks if at least one of two or more conditions is true.	1
4.	This main type of loop allows you to work with a bunch of items in a sequence, like a list.	1
5.	A set of instructions to perform a specific task in programming.	
		3X2=6
III.	Write the output for the following code:	
		2
1.	<pre>Numbers=[2,4,6,8] for x in Numbers : sq=x*x print(sq)</pre>	
2.	<pre>a=10 b=10 if a==b: print("yes") else: print("no")</pre>	
3.	<pre>Num=1 while(Num<=9): print(Num) Num=Num+1</pre>	2
IV.	Answer the following.	4X2=8
1.	Describe the star topology in computer networks and list one advantage and one disadvantage of star topology.	2
2.	What is the significance of indentation in python?	2
3.	What are logical operators? Explain different types of logical operators with examples.	2
4.	What are nested loops? Write an example of a nested loop.	2

V.	Higher order thinking questions.	2x3=6
1.	What is the purpose of comments in Python, and how are they written?	3
2	What is a Function in Programming? Explain with the help of an example.	3
